# LONGSPAN AND DEEP LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH- AND DLH- SERIES

# INTRODUCTION

Longspan and Deep Longspan Steel Joists are relatively lightweight shop-fabricated steel trusses. Longspan Steel Joists are used for the direct support of floor or roof slabs or decks between walls, beams, and main structural members. Deep Longspan Steel Joists are used for the direct support of roof slabs or decks between walls, beams and main structural members.

The LH- and DLH-Series have been designed for the purpose of extending the use of joists to spans in excess of those covered by Open Web Joists.

Longspan Series Joists have been standardized in depths from 18" (457 mm) through 48" (1219 mm), for clear spans through 96 feet (29260 mm).

Deep Longspan Series Joists have been standardized in depths from 52" (1320 mm) through 72" (1829 mm), for clear spans up through 144 feet (43891 mm).

# **STANDARD TYPES**

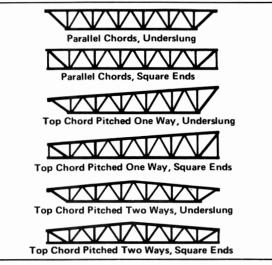
Longspan and Deep Longspan Steel Joists can be furnished with either underslung or square ends, with parallel chords or with single or double pitched top chords to provide sufficient slope for roof drainage. Square end joists are primarily intended for bottom chord bearing.

Standard pitch is  $\frac{1}{8''}$  per foot (1:96). If pitch exceeds this standard, the load table does not apply. The joist designation is determined by its nominal depth at the center of the span and by the chord size designation.

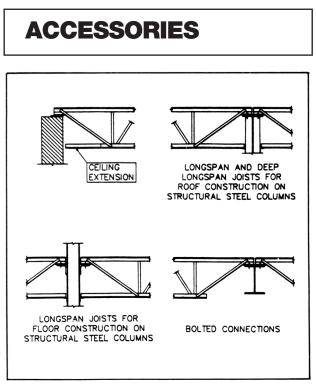
To meet the demand for pitched top chord members (when necessary for roof drainage) a standard pitch of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " per foot (1:96) has been established.

The depth of the bearing portion at the ends of underslung joists has been established at 5" (127 mm) for LH- Longspans, and 5" (127 mm) for chord sizes thru 17 and  $7\frac{1}{2}$ " (191 mm) for chord sizes 18 and 19 for the DLH-Series.

All Longspan and Deep Longspan Steel Joists are fabricated with standardized camber as listed in paragraph 103.6.



The illustrations above indicate Longspan and Deep Longspan Steel Joists with modified WARREN type web systems. However, the web systems may be any type, whichever is standard with the manufacturer furnishing the product.



#### WELDED OR BOLTED CONNECTIONS

Where Longspan or Deep Longspan Joists are supported on structural steel members, they are generally field welded. The number, size and length of welds should be specified. Where bolted connections are desired, slotted holes are provided in the bearing plates for this purpose.



# STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES AND DEEP LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, DLH-SERIES

Adopted by the Steel Joist Institute February 15, 1978 Revised to May 2, 1994 - Effective September 1, 1994

# SECTION 100.

These specifications cover the design, manufacture and use of Longspan Steel Joists LH-Series, and Deep Longspan Steel Joists, DLH-Series.

# SECTION 101.

The term "Longspan Steel Joists LH-Series and Deep Longspan Steel Joists DLH-Series", as used herein, refers to open web, load-carrying members utilizing hot-rolled or cold-formed steel, including cold-formed steel whose yield strength\* has been attained by cold working. LH-Series are suitable for the direct support of floors and roof decks in buildings, and DLH-Series are suitable for direct support of roof decks in buildings.

The design of LH- and DLH-Series joist chord or web sections shall be based on a yield strength of at least 36 ksi (250 MPa), but not greater than 50 ksi (345 MPa). Steel used for LH- and DLH-Series joist chord or web sections shall have a minimum yield strength determined in accordance with one of the procedures specified in Section 102.2, which is equal to the yield strength assumed in the design. LH- and DLH-Series joists shall be designed in accordance with these specifications to support the loads given in the attached Standard Load Tables for LH- and DLH-Series joists.

\* The term "yield strength" as used herein shall designate the yield level of a material as determined by the applicable method outlined in paragraph 13 - "Yield Strength", or paragraph 12 - "Yield Point", of ASTM A370, "Mechanical Testing of Steel Products", or as specified in Section 102.2 of this Specification.

Standard Specifications and Load Tables, Longspan Steel Joists LH- Series and Deep Longspan Steel Joists DLH- Series, Copyright 1994. Steel Joist Institute

## SECTION 102.

## MATERIALS

#### 102.1 STEEL

The steel used in the manufacture of chord and web sections shall conform to one of the following ASTM Specifications of latest adoption:

- Structural Steel, ASTM A36/A36M.
- High-Strength Low-Alloy Structural Steel, ASTM A242/A242M.
- High-Strength Carbon-Manganese Steel of Structural Quality ASTM A529/A529M, Grade 50.
- Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheet and Strip, Structural Quality ASTM A570/A570M.
- High-Strength Low-Alloy Columbium-Vanadium Steels of Structural Quality ASTM A572/A572M, Grades 42, 45, and 50.
- High-Strength Low-Alloy Structural Steel with 50 ksi (345 MPa) Minimum Yield Point to 4 inches (102 mm) thick, ASTM A588/A588M.
- Steel Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled, High-Strength, Low-Alloy, with Improved Corrosion Resistance, ASTM A606.
- Steel Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled, High-Strength, Low-Alloy, Columbium and/or Vanadium, ASTM A607, Grades 45 and 50.
- Steel, Cold-Rolled Sheet, Carbon Structural ASTM A611, Grade D.

or shall be of suitable quality ordered or produced to other than the listed specifications, provided that such material in the state used for final assembly and manufacture is weldable and is proved by tests performed by the producer or manufacturer to have the properties specified in Section 102.2.



#### **102.2 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES**

The yield strength used as a basis for the design stresses prescribed in Section 103 shall be at least 36 ksi (250 MPa), but shall not be greater than 50 ksi (345 MPa). Evidence that the steel furnished meets or exceeds the design yield strength shall, if requested, be provided in the form of an affidavit or by witnessed or certified test reports.

For material used without consideration of increase in yield strength resulting from cold forming, the specimens shall be taken from as-rolled material. In the case of material the mechanical properties of which conform to the requirements of one of the listed specifications, test specimens and procedure shall conform to those of such specifications and to ASTM A370.

In the case of material the mechanical properties of which do not conform to the requirements of one of the listed specifications, the test specimens and procedure shall conform to the applicable requirements of ASTM A370 and the specimens shall exhibit a yield strength equal to or exceeding the design yield strength and an elongation of not less than (a) 20 percent in 2 inches (51 mm) for sheet and strip or (b) 18 percent in 8 inches (203 mm) for plates, shapes and bars with adjustments for thickness for plates, shapes and bars as prescribed in ASTM A36/A36M, A242/A242M, A529/A529M, A572/A572M, and A588/A588M, which ever specification is applicable on the basis of design yield strength.

The number of tests shall be as prescribed in ASTM A6 for plates, shapes, and bars; and ASTM A570/A570M, A606, A607, and A611 for sheet and strip.

If as-formed strength is utilized, the test reports shall show the results of tests performed on full section specimens in accordance with the provisions of Sections 3.1.1 and 6.3 of the AISI Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members, and shall indicate compliance with these provisions and with the following additional requirements:

- 1. The yield strength measured in the tests shall equal or exceed the design yield strength.
- 2. Where tension tests are made for acceptance and control purposes the tensile strength shall be at least 6 percent greater than the yield strength of the section.
- 3. Where compression tests are used for acceptance and control purposes the specimen shall withstand a gross shortening of 2 percent of its original length without cracking. The length of specimen shall not be greater than 20 times its least radius of gyration.

4. If any test specimen fails to pass the requirements of subparagraphs 1, 2 and 3 above, as applicable, two retests shall be made of specimens from the same lot. Failure of one of the retest specimens to meet such requirements shall be cause for rejection of the lot represented by the specimens.

#### **102.3 WELDING ELECTRODES**

The following electrodes shall be used for arc welding:

(a) For connected members both having a specified minimum yield strength greater than 36 ksi (250 MPa).

AWS A5.1 or A5.5, E70XX AWS A5.17, F7X, EXXX flux electrode combination AWS A5.18, E7OS-X or E7OU-1 AWS A5.20, E7OT-X

(b) For connected members both having a specified minimum yield strength of 36 ksi (250 MPa) or one having a specified minimum yield strength of 36 ksi (250 MPa), and the other having a specified minimum yield strength greater than 36 ksi (250 MPa).

AWS A5.1, E6OXX AWS A5.17, F6X-EXXX flux electrode combination AWS A5.20, E6OT-X

or any of those listed in Section 102.3(a).

Other welding methods, providing equivalent strength as demonstrated by tests, may be used.

#### 102.4 PAINT

The standard shop paint is a primer coat intended to protect the steel for only a short period of exposure in ordinary atmospheric conditions and shall be considered an impermanent and provisional coating.

When specified, the Standard shop paint shall conform to one of the following:

- (a) Steel Structures Painting Council Specification 15-68T, Type 1 (red oxide).
- (b) Federal Specification TT-P-636 (red oxide).
- (c) Or, shall be a shop paint which meets the minimum performance requirements of one of the above listed specifications.



### SECTION 103. DESIGN AND MANUFACTURE

#### 103.1 METHOD

Joists shall be designed in accordance with these specifications as simply supported uniformly loaded trusses supporting a floor or roof deck so constructed as to brace the top chord of the joists against lateral buckling. Where any applicable design feature is not specifically covered herein, the design shall be in accordance with the following specifications of latest adoption.

- (a) American Institute of Steel Construction Specification for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings (Allowable Stress Design), where the material used consists of plates, shapes or bars.
- (b) American Iron and Steel Institute Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Member, for members which are cold-formed from sheet or strip material.

#### **103.2 UNIT STRESSES**

Joists shall have their components so proportioned that the unit stresses in kips per square inch (Mega Pascals) shall not exceed the following where  $F_y$  is the yield strength defined in Section 102.2:

#### (a) Tension:

All members  $\ldots$   $F_t = 0.6F_v$ 

(b) Compression:

For members with  $K\ell/r$  less than  $C_c$ :

$$F_{a} = \frac{\left[1 - \frac{(K\ell/r)^{2}}{2C_{c}^{2}}\right]QF_{y}}{\frac{5}{3} + \frac{3}{8}\left[\frac{K\ell/r}{C_{c}}\right] - \frac{1}{8}\left[\frac{K\ell/r}{C_{c}}\right]^{3}}$$
where  $C_{c} = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi^{2}E}{QF_{y}}}$  and

where Q is a form factor equal to unity except when the width-thickness ratio of one or more elements of the profile exceeds the limits specified in the AISC Specification, Section B5 (Allowable Stress Design) for hot-rolled sections and in the AISI Specification, Section 3., for cold-formed sections; and where K is a length factor used to determine the effective slenderness ratio as shown in Table 103.3.1. For members with  $K\ell/r$  greater than  $C_c$ :

$$F_{a} = \frac{12\pi^{2}E}{23 (K\ell/r)^{2}}$$

In the above formulas  $K\ell/r$  is the appropriate effective slenderness ratio as determined from Section 103.3, and "E" is equal to 29,000 ksi (200,000 MPa).

#### (c) Bending:

For chords, and for web members other than solid rounds ...... $F_b = 0.6F_v$ 

For web members of solid round cross section  $..., F_b = 0.9F_y$ For bearing plates  $..., F_b = 0.75F_y$ 

(d) Weld Stresses:

Shear at throat of fillet welds: Made with E70 series electrodes or F7X-EXXX flux-electrode combinations....21 ksi (145 MPa)

Made with E60 series electrodes or F6X-EXXX flux-electrode combinations....18 ksi (124 MPa)

Tension or compression on groove or butt welds shall be the same as those specified for the connected material.

#### 103.3 MAXIMUM SLENDERNESS RATIOS

The slenderness ratios, 1.0  $\ell$ /r and 1.0  $\ell$ s/r of members as a whole or any component part shall not exceed the values given in Table 103.3.1, Parts A.

The effective slenderness ratio,  $K\ell lr^*$ , to be used in calculating the allowable stresses  $F_a$  and  $F'_e$ , is the largest value as determined from Table 103.3.1, Parts B and C.

In compression members when fillers or ties are used, they shall be spaced so that the  $\ell_s/r_z$  ratio of each component does not exceed the governing  $\ell/r$  ratio of the member as a whole. The terms are defined as follows:

 $\ell$  = length center-to-center of panel points, except  $\ell$  = 36" (914 mm) for calculating  $\ell/r_v$  of top chord member.

\* See AISC Specification Section C2.1 and P.N. Chod and T. V. Galambos, Compression Chords Without Fillers in Longspan Steel Joists, Research Report No. 36, June 1975 Structural Division, Civil Engineering Department, Washington University, St. Louis, MO.



#### LONGSPAN AND DEEP LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH- AND DLH-SERIES

- *l*s = maximum length center-to-center between panel point and filler (tie), or between adjacent fillers (ties).
- r<sub>x</sub> = member radius of gyration in the plane of the joist.
- $r_{\gamma}$  = member radius of gyration out of the plane of the joist.
- rz = least radius of gyration of a member component.

#### TABLE 103.3.1

#### MAXIMUM AND EFFECTIVE SLENDERNESS RATIOS

#### I TOP CHORD INTERIOR PANEL

A. The slenderness ratios, 1.0ℓ/r and 1.0ℓs/r, of members as a whole or any component part shall not exceed 90.

The effective slenderness ratio to de	<i>etermine</i> ''Fa''		5 <b>4</b> 7	
1. With fillers or ties	0.75 <i>l</i> /r <sub>x</sub>	$1.0\ell/r_y$		$1.0\ell_s/r_z$
2. Without fillers or ties			0.75 <i>l</i> /rz	
3. Single component members	0.75 <i>l</i> /r <sub>x</sub>	1.0ℓ/ry		
The effective slenderness ratio to de	etermine "F'e"			
1. With fillers or ties	0.75 <i>l</i> /rx			
2. Without fillers or ties	0.75 <i>l</i> /r <sub>x</sub>			
3. Single component members	0.75 <i>l</i> /r <sub>x</sub>			
	<ol> <li>With fillers or ties</li> <li>Without fillers or ties</li> <li>Single component members</li> <li>The effective slenderness ratio to de</li> <li>With fillers or ties</li> <li>Without fillers or ties</li> </ol>	2. Without fillers or ties3. Single component members $0.75\ell/r_x$ The effective slenderness ratio to determine "F'e"1. With fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$ 2. Without fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$	1. With fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$ $1.0\ell/r_y$ 2. Without fillers or ties3. Single component members $0.75\ell/r_x$ $1.0\ell/r_y$ The effective slenderness ratio to determine "F'e"1. With fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$ 2. Without fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$	1. With fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$ $1.0\ell/r_y$ 2. Without fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_z$ $0.75\ell/r_z$ 3. Single component members $0.75\ell/r_x$ $1.0\ell/r_y$ The effective slenderness ratio to determine "F'e"1. With fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$ 2. Without fillers or ties $0.75\ell/r_x$

#### **II TOP CHORD END PANEL**

A. The slenderness ratios, 1.0ℓ/r and 1.0ℓs/r, of members as a whole or any component part shall not exceed 120.

В	. The effective slenderness ratio to de	<i>termine</i> "F <sub>a</sub> "			
	1. With fillers or ties	1.0 <i>l</i> /r <sub>x</sub>	1.0ℓ/ry		$1.0\ell_s/r_z$
	2. Without fillers or ties			1.0ℓ/rz	
	3. Single component members	1.0 <i>ℓ</i> /r <sub>x</sub>	1.0ℓ/ry		
С	. The effective slenderness ratio to de	<i>termine</i> ''F' <sub>e</sub> ''			
	1. With fillers or ties	1.0 <i>l</i> /r <sub>x</sub>			
	2. Without fillers or ties	1.0 <b>ℓ</b> /r <sub>x</sub>			
	3. Single component members	1.0 <b>ℓ</b> /r <sub>×</sub>			
	2. Without fillers or ties	1.0 <b>ℓ</b> /r <sub>x</sub>			

#### **III TENSION MEMBERS—CHORDS AND WEBS**

A. The slenderness ratios, 1.0ℓ/r and 1.0ℓs/r, of members as a whole or any component part shall not exceed 240.

#### IV COMPRESSION WEB MEMBERS

- A. The slenderness ratios, 1.0ℓ/r and 1.0ℓs/r, of members as a whole or any component part shall not exceed 200.
- B. The effective slenderness ratio to determine "Fa"
  - 1. With fillers or ties  $0.75\ell/r_{\rm X}$   $1.0\ell/r_{\rm V}$   $1.0\ell_{\rm S}/r_{\rm Z}$
  - 2. Without fillers or ties  $1.0\ell/r_z$
  - 3. Single component members  $0.75\ell/r_x^* = 1.0\ell/r_y$ \*If moment-resistant weld groups are not used at the ends of a crimped, first primary compression web member, then  $1.2 \ell/r_x$  must be used.

#### 103.4 MEMBERS

#### (a) Chords

The bottom chord shall be designed as an axially loaded tension member.

The top chord shall be designed as a continuous member subject to combined axial and bending stresses and shall be so proportioned that

 $f_a + f_b \le 0.6F_v$ , at the panel point; and

$$\frac{\frac{f_{a}}{F_{a}}}{F_{a}} + \frac{C_{m}f_{b}}{\left[1 - \frac{f_{a}}{F_{e}'}\right]}QF_{b}} \leq 1.0, \text{ at mid-panel in which}$$

 $C_m = 1 - 0.3 f_a / F'_e$  for end panels

 $C_{\rm m}$  = 1 - 0.4  $f_{\rm a}/F'_{\rm e}$  for interior panels

- f<sub>a</sub> = Computed axial unit compressive stress
- $f_{b}$  = Computed bending unit compressive stress at the point under consideration
- $F_a$  = Permissible axial unit compressive stress based on K $\ell$ /r.
- $F_{b}$  = Permissible bending unit stress; 0.6 $F_{v}$

$$F'_{e} = \frac{12\pi^{2}E}{23 (K\ell/r_{x})^{2}}$$

 $r_x$  = Radius of gyration about the axis of bending

Q = form factor as defined in Section 103.2(b).

The radius of gyration of the top chord about its vertical axis shall be not less than  $\ell/170$  where  $\ell$  is the spacing in inches (millimeter) between lines of bridging as specified in Section 104.5(d).

The top chord shall be considered as stayed laterally by the floor or roof deck provided the requirements of Section 104.9(e) of these specifications are met.

#### (b) Web

The vertical shears to be used in the design of the web members shall be determined from full uniform loading but such vertical shear shall not be less than 25 percent of the end reaction.

Interior vertical web members used in modified Warren type web systems shall be designed to resist the gravity loads supported by the member plus  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1.0 percent of the top chord axial force.

#### (c) Depth

Joists may have either parallel chords or a top chord slope of 1/8 inch per foot (1:96). The depth, for the purpose of design, in all cases shall be the depth at mid-span.

#### (d) Eccentricity

Members connected at a joint shall have their center of gravity lines meet at a point, if practical. Eccentricity on either side of the neutral axis of chord members may be neglected when it does not exceed the distance between the neutral axis and the back of the chord. Otherwise, provision shall be made for the stresses due to eccentricity. Ends of joists shall be proportioned to resist bending produced by eccentricity at the support.

In those cases where a single angle compression member is attached to the outside of the stem of a tee or double angle chord, due consideration shall be given to eccentricity.

#### (e) Extended Ends

Extended top chords or full depth cantilever ends require the special attention of the specifying professional. The magnitude and location of the design loads to be supported, the deflection requirements, and the proper bracing shall be clearly indicated on the structural drawings.

#### 103.5 CONNECTIONS

#### (a) Methods

Joint connections and splices shall be made by attaching the members to one another by arc or resistance welding or other approved method.

- (1) Welded Connections
  - a) Selected welds shall be inspected visually by the manufacturer. Prior to this inspection, weld slag shall be removed.
  - b) Cracks are not acceptable and shall be repaired.
  - c) Thorough fusion shall exist between layers of weld metal and between weld metal and base metal for the required design length of the weld; such fusion shall be verified by visual inspection.
  - d) Unfilled weld craters shall not be included in the design length of the weld.
  - e) Undercut shall not exceed <sup>1</sup>/<sub>16</sub> inch (2 mm) for welds oriented parallel to the principal stress.



- f) The sum of surface (piping) porosity diameters shall not exceed <sup>1</sup>/<sub>16</sub> inch (2 mm) in any 1 inch (25 mm) of design weld length.
- g) Weld spatter that does not interfere with paint coverage is acceptable.
- 2) Welding Program

Manufacturers shall have a program for establishing weld procedures and operator qualification and for weld sampling and testing.

3) Weld inspection by Outside Agencies (See Section 104.13 of these specifications).

The agency shall arrange for visual inspection to determine that welds meet the acceptance standards of Section 103.5 a.1) above. Ultrasonic, X-Ray, and magnetic particle testing are inappropriate for joists due to the configurations of the components and welds.

#### (b) Strength

Joint connections shall develop the maximum force due to any of the design loads, but not less than 50 percent of the allowable strength of the member in tension or compression, whichever force is the controlling factor in the selection of the member.

#### (c) Shop Splices

Shop splices may occur at any point in chord or web members. Splices shall be designed for the member force but not less than 50 percent of the allowable member strength. Members containing a butt weld splice shall develop an ultimate tensile force of at least 57 ksi (393MPa) times the full design area of the chord or web. The term "member" shall be defined as all component parts, comprising the chord or web, at the point of splice.

#### (d) Field Splices

Field splices shall be designed by the manufacturer and may be either bolted or welded. Splices shall be designed for the member force, but not less than 50 percent of the allowable member strength.

#### 103.6 CAMBER

Joists shall have approximate cambers in accordance with the following:

#### Top Chord Length Approximate Camber

(6096 mm)	1/4‴	(6 mm)
(9144 mm)	<sup>3</sup> /8″	(10 mm)
(12192 mm)	<sup>5</sup> /8″	(16 mm)
(15240 mm)	1″	(25 mm)
(18288 mm)	<b>1</b> ½″	(38 mm)
(21336 mm)	2″	(51 mm)
(24384 mm)	<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup> ⁄4″	(70 mm)
(27432 mm)	<b>3</b> ½″	(89 mm)
(30480 mm)	<b>4</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ″	(108 mm)
(33528 mm)	5″	(127 mm)
(36576 mm)	6″	(152 mm)
(39621 mm)	7‴	(178 mm)
(42672 mm)	8″	(203 mm)
(43890 mm)	<b>8½</b> ″	(216 mm)
	(9144 mm) (12192 mm) (15240 mm) (15240 mm) (21336 mm) (24384 mm) (27432 mm) (30480 mm) (33528 mm) (36576 mm) (39621 mm) (42672 mm)	$\begin{array}{cccc} (9144 \text{ mm}) & 3/8'' \\ (12192 \text{ mm}) & 5/8'' \\ (15240 \text{ mm}) & 1'' \\ (18288 \text{ mm}) & 11/2'' \\ (21336 \text{ mm}) & 2'' \\ (24384 \text{ mm}) & 23/4'' \\ (27432 \text{ mm}) & 31/2'' \\ (30480 \text{ mm}) & 41/4'' \\ (33528 \text{ mm}) & 5'' \\ (36576 \text{ mm}) & 6'' \\ (39621 \text{ mm}) & 7''' \\ (42672 \text{ mm}) & 8'' \end{array}$

#### 103.7 VERIFICATION OF DESIGN AND MANUFACTURE

#### (a) Design Calculations

Companies manufacturing any LH- or DLH-Series Joists shall submit design data to the Steel Joist Institute (or an independent agency approved by the Steel Joist Institute) for verification of compliance with the SJI Specifications.

#### (b) In-Plant Inspections

Each manufacturer shall verify his ability to manufacture LH-Series and DLH-Series Joists through periodic In-Plant Inspections. Inspections shall be performed by an independent agency approved by the Steel Joist Institute. The frequency, manner of inspection, and manner of reporting shall be determined by the Steel Joist Institute. The Plant inspections are not a guaranty of the quality of any specific joists; this responsibility lies fully and solely with the individual manufacturer.

# SECTION 104. **APPLICATION**

#### 104.1 USAGE

These specifications shall apply to any type of structure where floor and roof decks are to be supported directly by steel joists installed as hereinafter specified. Where joists are used other than on simple spans under uniformly distributed loading, as prescribed in Section 103.1, they shall be investigated and modified if necessary to limit the unit stresses to those listed in Section 103.2.



**CAUTION:** If a rigid connection of the bottom chord is to be made to the column or other support, it shall be made only after the application of the dead loads. The joist is then no longer simply supported and the system must be investigated for continuous frame action by the specifying professional.

The designed detail of a rigid type connection and moment plates shall be shown on the structural drawings by the specifying professional. The moment plates shall be furnished by other than the joist manufacturer.

#### 104.2 SPAN

The clear span of a joist shall not exceed 24 times its depth. The term "Span" as used herein is defined as the clearspan plus 8 inches (203 mm).

#### 104.3 DEPTH

The nominal depth of sloping chord joists shall be the depth at mid-span. The standard slope of the top chord shall be  $\frac{1}{8}$  inch per foot (1:96).

#### **104.4 END SUPPORTS**

#### (a) Masonry and Concrete

LH- and DLH-Series Joists supported by masonry or concrete are to bear on steel bearing plates and shall be designed as steel bearing. Due consideration of the end reactions and all other vertical and lateral forces shall be taken by the specifying professional in the design of the steel bearing plate and the masonry or concrete. The ends of LH- and DLH-Series Joists shall extend a distance of not less than 6 inches (152 mm) over the masonry or concrete support and be anchored to the steel bearing plate. The plate shall be located not more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inch (13 mm) from the face of the wall and shall be not less than 9 inches (229 mm) wide perpendicular to the length of the joist. It is to be designed by the specifying professional in compliance with the allowable unit stresses in Section A5.1 (Allowable Stress Design) of the A.I.S.C. Specifications of latest adoption. The steel bearing plate shall be furnished by other than the joist manufacturer.

Where it is deemed necessary to bear less than 6 inches (152 mm) over the masonry or concrete support, special consideration is to be given to the design of the steel bearing plate and the masonry or concrete by the specifying professional. The joists must bear a minimum of 4 inches (102 mm) on the steel bearing plate.

(b) Steel

Due consideration of the end reactions and all other vertical and lateral forces shall be taken by the specifying professional in the design of the steel support.

The ends of LH- or DLH-Series joists shall extend a distance of not less than 4 inches (102 mm) over the steel supports. Where it is deemed necessary to butt opposite joists over a narrow steel support with bearing less than that noted above, special ends must be specified, and such ends shall have positive attachment to the support, either by bolting or welding.

#### 104.5 BRIDGING

#### (a) Horizontal

Horizontal bridging lines shall consist of two continuous horizontal steel members, one attached to the top chord and the other attached to the bottom chord. The  $\ell/r$  ratio of the bridging member shall not exceed 300, where  $\ell$  is the distance in inches (millimeters) between attachments and r is the least radius of gyration of the bridging member. The bridging member shall be designed for a compressive force of 0.24 times the joist top chord area.

#### (b) Diagonal

Diagonal bridging lines shall consist of cross-bracing with  $\ell/r$  ratio of not more than 200, where  $\ell$  is the distance in inches (millimeters) between connections and r is the least radius of gyration of the bracing member. Where cross-bracing members are connected at their point of intersection, the  $\ell$ distance shall be taken as the distance in inches (millimeters) between connections at the point of intersection of the bracing members and the connections to the chords of the joists.

#### (c) Bridging Lines

For spans up through 60 feet (18288 mm), welded horizontal bridging may be used except where the row of bridging nearest the center is required to be bolted diagonal bridging as indicated by the <u>Red</u> <u>shaded area</u> in the load table.

For spans over 60 feet (18288 mm) bolted diagonal bridging shall be used as indicated by the <u>Blue</u> and <u>Gray</u> shaded areas of the load table.



#### (d) Spacing

The maximum spacing of lines of bridging shall not exceed the values in Table 104.5.1. See Section 104.12 for bridging required for uplift forces.

	TABLE 104.5.1		
LH-DLH *SECTION NUMBER	MAX. SPACING OF LINES OF BRIDGING	BR/	ZONTAL ACING PRCE
		lbs	(N)
02,03,04	11'- 0" (3352mm)	400	(1779)
05,06	12′- 0″ (3657mm)	500	(2224)
07,08	13′- 0″ (3962mm)	650	(2891)
09,10	14′- 0″ (4267mm)	800	(3558)
11,12	16'- 0" (4876mm)	1000	(4448)
13,14	16'- 0" (4876mm)	1200	(5337)
15,16	21'- 0" (6400mm)	1600	(7117)
17	21'- 0" (6400mm)	1800	(8006)
18,19	26'- 0" (7924mm)	2000	(8896)

Number of lines of bridging is based on joist clear span dimensions.

\*Last two digits of joist designation shown in load table

#### (e) Connections

Connections to the chords of the steel joists shall be made by positive mechanical means or by welding, and capable of resisting a horizontal force not less than that specified in Table 104.5.1.

#### (f) Bottom Chord Bearing Joists

Where bottom chord bearing joists are utilized, there shall be a row of diagonal bridging near the support to provide lateral stability. This bridging shall be installed as the joists are set in place.

#### **104.6 INSTALLATION OF BRIDGING**

All bridging and bridging anchors shall be completely installed before construction loads are placed on the joists. Bridging shall support the top and bottom chords against lateral movement during the construction period and shall hold the steel joists in the approximate position as shown on the plans.

The ends of all bridging lines terminating at walls or beams shall be anchored to resist the force shown in Table 104.5.1.

#### 104.7 END ANCHORAGE

#### (a) Masonry and Concrete

Ends of LH- and DLH-Series Joists resting on steel bearing plates on masonry or structural concrete shall be attached thereto with a minimum of two  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch (6 mm) fillet welds 2 inches (51 mm) long, or with two  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch (19 mm) bolts.

#### (b) Steel

Ends of LH- or DLH-Series Joists resting on steel supports shall be attached thereto with a minimum of two <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch (6 mm) fillet welds 2 inches (51 mm) long, or with two <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch (19 mm) bolts. In steel frames, where columns are not framed in at least two directions with structural steel members, joists at column lines shall be field bolted at the columns to provide lateral stability during construction.

#### (c) Uplift

Where uplift forces are a design consideration, roof joists shall be anchored to resist such forces.

#### 104.8 JOIST SPACING

Joists shall be spaced so that the loading on each joist does not exceed the allowable load given for the particular designation and clearspan in the Load Table.

#### 104.9 FLOORS AND ROOF DECKS

#### (a) Material

Floors and roof decks may consist of cast-in-place or precast concrete or gypsum, formed steel, wood or other suitable material capable of supporting the required load at the specified joist spacing.

#### (b) Thickness

Cast-in-place slabs shall be not less than 2 inches (51 mm) thick.

#### (c) Centering

Centering for structural slabs may be ribbed metal lath, corrugated steel sheets, paper-back welded wire fabric, removable centering or any other suitable material capable of supporting the slab at the designated joist spacing. Centering shall not cause lateral displacement or damage to the top chord of joists during installation or removal of the centering or placing of the concrete.



#### (d) Bearing

Slabs or decks shall bear uniformly along the top chords of the joists.

#### (e) Attachments

The spacing of attachments along the top chord shall not exceed 36 inches (914 mm). Such attachments of the slab or deck to the top chords of joists shall be capable of resisting the following forces:

TA	BLE 104.9.1
*Section	Equivalent
Number	Force Required
02 to 04 incl.	120 lbs./ft. (1.75 kN/m)
05 to 09 incl.	150 lbs./ft. (2.19 kN/m)
10 to 17 incl.	200 lbs./ft. (2.92 kN/m)
18 and 19	250 lbs./ft. (3.65 kN/m)

\* Last two digits of joist designation shown in Load Table.

#### (f) Wood Nailers

Where wood nailers are used, such nailers in conjunction with the deck or slab shall be firmly attached to the top chords of the joists in conformance with Section 104.9(e).

#### 104.10 DEFLECTION

The deflection due to the design live load shall not exceed the following:

Floors: 1/360 of span.

Roofs: 1/360 of span where a plaster ceiling is attached or suspended. 1/240 of span for all other cases.

The specifying professional shall give due consideration to the effects of deflection and vibration\* in the selection of joists.

\* For further reference, refer to Steel Joist Institute Technical digest #5, "Vibration of Steel Joist- Concrete Slab Floors" and the Institute's Computer Vibration Program.

#### 104.11 PONDING

Unless a roof surface is provided with sufficient slope toward points of free drainage or adequate individual drains to prevent the accumulation of rain water, the roof system shall be investigated to assure stability under ponding conditions in accordance with Section K2 (Allowable Stress Design) of the AISC Specifications.\* The ponding investigation shall be performed by the specifying professional.

\* For further reference, refer to Steel Joist Institute Technical Digest #3, "Structural Design of Steel Joist Roofs to Resist Ponding Loads".

#### 104.12 UPLIFT

Where uplift forces due to wind are a design requirement, these forces must be indicated on the contract drawings in terms of net uplift in pounds per square foot (Pascals). When these forces are specified, they must be considered in the design of joists and/or bridging. A single line of <u>bottom chord</u> bridging must be provided near the first bottom chord panel points whenever uplift due to wind forces is a design consideration.\*

\* For further reference, refer to Steel Joist Institute Technical Digest #6, "Structural Design of Steel Joist Roofs to Resist Uplift Loads".

#### 104.13 INSPECTION

Joists shall be inspected by the manufacturer before shipment to insure compliance of materials and workmanship with the requirements of these specifications. If the purchaser wishes an inspection of the steel joists by someone other than the manufacturer's own inspectors, he may reserve the right to do so in his "Invitation to Bid" or the accompanying "Job specifications". Arrangements shall be made with the manufacturing shop by the purchaser's inspectors at purchaser's expense.

## SECTION 105.\* ERECTION STABILITY AND HANDLING

When it is necessary for the erector to climb on the joists, extreme caution must be exercised since unbridged joists may exhibit some degree of instability under the erector's weight.

During the construction period, the contractor shall provide means for adequate distribution of concentrated loads so that the carrying capacity of any joist is not exceeded.

#### A. Stability Requirements

 Where the joist span does not exceed the erection stability span (as indicated by the shaded areas of the load table) one end of all joists shall be attached to its support in accordance with <u>Section 104.7 - End Anchorage</u>, or the joist shall be stabilized by the hoisting



cable(s) before allowing the weight of an erector on the joists.

When bolted connections are used the <u>bolts</u> must be snug tightened.

 A maximum weight of two erectors shall be allowed on any unbridged joist if: 1) the joist is stabilized by the hoisting cable(s), or 2) one end of the joist is attached to its support in the manner prescribed in Section 104.7 - End Anchorage <u>and</u> the bolted diagonal bridging required for erection stability is completely installed.

Where the span of the joist exceeds the erection stability span as indicated by the shaded area of the load table, <u>hoisting cables shall not</u> <u>be released until the following *conditions are* <u>met</u>:</u>

- a. <u>One line of bolted diagonal bridging</u> is completely installed near the mid span for joist spans included in the <u>Red shaded</u> <u>area</u> of the load table.
- b. <u>Two lines of bolted diagonal bridging</u> nearest the third points of the span are completely installed for spans of over 60 feet (18288 mm) through 100 feet (30480 mm) as indicated by the <u>Blue shaded</u> <u>area</u> in the LH and DLH Series Joist Load Tables.
- c. <u>All lines of bolted diagonal bridging</u> are completely installed for spans over 100 feet (30480mm) as indicated by the <u>Gray</u> <u>shaded area</u> in the DLH Load Table.
- 3. No loads other than the weight of the erector are allowed on the joist until <u>all</u> bridging is completely installed and <u>all</u> joist ends are attached.
- In the case of bottom chord bearing joists, the ends of the joist must be restrained laterally per <u>Section 104.5(f)</u> before releasing the hoisting cables.
- 5. After the joist is straightened and plumbed, and all bridging is completely installed and anchored, the ends of the joist shall be fully connected to the supports in accordance with <u>Section 104.7 - End Anchorage</u>.

#### B. Field Welding

- 1. All field welding shall be performed in a workman-like manner to insure that the joists are not damaged by such welding.
- 2. On cold-formed members whose yield strength has been attained by cold working, and whose as-formed strength is used in the design, the total length of weld at any one point shall not exceed 50 percent of the overall developed width of the cold-formed section.

#### C. Handling

Particular attention should be paid to the erection of Longspan and Deep Longspan Steel Joists. Care shall be exercised at all times to avoid damage to the joists and accessories through careless handling during unloading, storing and erecting.

Each joist shall be adequately braced laterally before any loads are applied. If lateral support is provided by bridging, the bridging lines as defined in Section 105, 2(a), (b), or (c) must be anchored to prevent lateral movement.

\* For a thorough coverage of this topic, refer to SJI Technical Digest #9, "Handling and Erection of Steel Joists and Joist Girders".



# STANDARD LOAD TABLE Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 30 ksi LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES

Adopted by the Steel Joist Institute May 25, 1983, Revised to May 2, 1994 - Effective September 1, 1994

The black figures in the following table give the TOTAL safe uniformlydistributed load-carrying capacities in pounds per linear foot, of LH-Series joists. The weight of DEAD loads, including the joists, must in all cases be deducted to determine the LIVE load-carrying capacities of the joists. The approximate DEAD load of the joists may be determined from the weights per linear foot shown in the tables.

The RED figures in this load table are the LIVE loads per linear foot of joist which will produce an approximate deflection of 1/360 of the span. LIVE loads which will produce a deflection of 1/240 of the span may be obtained by multiplying the RED figures by 1.5. In no case shall the TOTAL load capacity of the joists be exceeded.

This load table applies to joists with either parallel chords or standard pitched top chords. When top chords are pitched, the carrying capacities are determined by the nominal depth of the joists at the center of the span. Standard top chord pitch is 1/8 inch per foot. If pitch exceeds this standard, the load table does not apply. This load table may be used for parallel chord joists installed to a maximum slope of 1/2 inch per foot.

Where the joist span is in the RED SHADED area of the load table, the row of bridging nearest the mid span shall be diagonal bridging with bolted connections at chords and intersection. Hoisting cables shall not be released until this row of bolted diagonal bridging is completely installed.

Where the joist span is in the BLUE SHADED area of the load table, all rows of bridging shall be diagonal bridging with bolted connections at chords and intersection. Hoisting cables shall not be released until the two rows of bridging nearest the third points are completely installed.

The approximate moment of inertia of the joist, in inches<sup>4</sup> is:  $I_i = 26.767(W_{LL})(L^3)(10^6)$ , where  $W_{LL} = RED$  figure in the Load Table, and L = (clear span + .67) in feet.

When holes are required in top or bottom chords, the carrying capacities must be reduced in proportion to the reduction of chord areas.

The top chords are considered as being stayed laterally by floor slab or roof deck.

The approximate joist weights per linear foot shown in these tables do not include accessories.

Joist Designation	Approx. Wt. in Lbs. per Linear Ft.	Depth in inches	SAFE LOAD* in Lbs. Between						9	CLEA	R SPA	N IN I	FEET						
	(Joists Only		21-24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36				
18LH02	10	18	12000	468	442	418	391	367	345	324	306	289	273	259	245				
18LH03	11	18	13300	313 521 348	284 493 317	259 467 289	234 438 262	212 409 236	193 382 213	175 359 194	160 337 177	147 317 161	135 299 148	124 283 136	114 267 124				
18LH <b>04</b>	12	18	15500	604 403	571 367	535 329	500 296	469	440	413	388 200	365	344 167	325 153	308 141				
18LH05	15	18	17500	684 454	648 414	614 378	581 345	543 311	508 282	476 256	448	421 212	397 195	375	355 164				
18LH06	15	18	20700	809 526	749 <b>469</b>	696 <b>419</b>	648 377	605 340	566 <b>307</b>	531 280	499 254	470 232	443 212	418 195	396 180				
18LH07	17	18	21500	840 553	809 513	780 <b>476</b>	726 428	678 386	635 <b>349</b>	595 <b>317</b>	559 288	526 264	496 241	469 222	444 204				
18LH08	19	18	22400	876 577	843 534	812 496	784 462	758 427	717 387	680 351	641 320	604 292	571 267	540 246	512 226				
18LH09	21	18	24000	936 616	901 571	868 527	838 491	810 458	783 418	759 380	713 <b>346</b>	671 316	633 289	598 266	566 245				
			22-24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
20LH02	10	20	11300	442	437	431	410	388	365	344	325	307	291	275	262	249	237	225	215
20LH03	11	20	12000	306 469 337	303 463 333	298 458 317	274 452 302	250 434 280	228 414 258	208 395 238	190 372 218	174 352 200	160 333 184	147 316 169	136 299 156	126 283 143	117 269 133	108 255 123	101 243 114
20LH04	12	20	14700	574 428	566 406	558 386	528 352	496 320	467	440	416	393 223	372 205	353 189	335 174	318 161	303 149	289 139	275 129
20LH05	14	20	15800	616 459	609 437	602 416	595 395	571 366	544 337	513 308	484 281	458 258	434 238	411 219	390 202	371 187	353 173	336 161	321 150
20LH06	15	20	21100	822 606	791 561	763 521	723 <b>477</b>	679 427	635 386	596 351	560 320	527 292	497 <b>267</b>	469 2 <b>46</b>	444 226	421 209	399 192	379 1 <b>78</b>	361 165
20LH07	17	20	22500	878 647	845 599	814 556	786 518	760 484	711 438	667 398	627 362	590 331	556 303	526 278	497 256	471 236	447 218	425 202	404 187
20LH08	19	20	23200	908 669	873 619	842 575	813 536	785 500	760 468	722 428	687 395	654 365	621 336	588 309	558 285	530 262	503 2 <b>4</b> 2	479 225	457 209
20LH09	21	20	25400	990 729	953 675	918 626	886 581	856 542	828 507	802 475	778 437	755 399	712 366	673 336	636 309	603 285	572 264	544 244	517 227
20LH10	23	20	27400	1068 786	1028 724	991 673	956 626	924 585	894 <b>545</b>	865 510	839 <b>479</b>	814 <b>448</b>	791 <b>411</b>	748 377	707 346	670 320	636 <b>296</b>	604 274	575 254



#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE/LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 30 ksi

JUIST	Approx. Wt. in Lbs. per	Depth		LOAD* Lbs.						с	LEAR	SPAN	I IN FI	EET						
Designation	Linear Ft.	Inches	Bet	ween																
241 1102	(Joists Only)	24		3-32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
24LH03 24LH04	11	24 24	1000	500	342 235 419	339 226 398	336 218 379	323 204 360	307 188 343	293 175 327	279 162 312	267 152 298	255 141 285	244 132 273	234 124 262	224 116 251	215 109 241	207 102 231	199 96 222	191 90 214
	12	0.000			288	398 265	246	227	343 210	327 195	182	298 169	158	148	138	251 130	241	231	107	101
24LH05	13	24	0,000	5100	449 308	446 297	440 285	419 264	399 244	380 226	363 210	347 196	331 182	317 171	304 160	291 150	280 141	269 132	258 124	248 117
24LH06	16	24	20	0300	604 411	579 382	555 356	530 331	504 306	480 284	457 263	437 245	417 228	399 211	381 197	364 184	348	334 161	320 152	307
24LH07	17	24	22	2300	665 452	638 421	613 393	588 367	565 343	541 320	516 297	491 276	468	446 239	426 223	407 208	389 195	373 182	357 171	343 161
24LH08	18	24	23	800	707	677 447	649 416	622 388	597 362	572 338	545 314	520 292	497 272	475	455 238	435	417 208	400	384 184	369 173
24LH09	21	24	28	8000	832 562	808 530	785 501	764 460	731	696 393	663 363	632 337	602 313	254 574 292	548 272	524 254	501 238	480 223	460 209	441 196
24LH10	23	24	29	600	882 596	856 559	832 528	809 500	788	768 439	737	702 378	668 351	637 326	608 304	582 285	556 266	533 249	511 234	490 220
24LH11	25	24	31	200	927 624	900 588	875 555	851 525	829 498	807 472	787	768 418	734 388	701	671 337	642 315	616 294	590 276	567 259	544 243
			33	-40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
28LH05	13	28	14	000	337 219	323 205	310 192	297 180	286 169	275	265 150	255 142	245 133	237 126	228 119	220 113	213 107	206 102	199 97	193 92
28LH06	16	28	18	3600	448 289	429 270	412 253	395 238	379 223	159 364 209	350 197	337 186	324 175	313 166	301 156	291 148	281	271	262 126	253 120
28LH07	17	28	21	000	505	484	464	445	427	410	394	379	365	352	339	327	316	305	295	285
28LH08	18	28	22	2500	326 540	305 517	285 496	267 475	251 456	236 438	222 420	209 403	197 387	186 371	176 357	166 344	158 331	150 319	142 308	135 297
28LH09	21	28	27	700	348 667	325 639	305 612	285 586	268 563	252 540	236 519	222 499	209 481	196 463	185 446	175 430	165 415	<b>156</b> 401	148 387	140 374
28LH10	23	28	30	0300	428 729	400 704	375 679	351 651	329 625	<b>309</b> 600	291 576	274 554	258 533	243 513	228 495	216	204 460	193 444	183 429	173 415
28LH11	25	28	32	2500	466 780	439 762	414 736	388 711	364 682	342 655	322 629	303 605	285 582	269 561	255 540	241 521	228 502	215 485	204 468	193 453
28LH12	27	28	35	5700	498 857	475 837	<b>448</b> 818	423 800	<b>397</b> 782	373 766	351 737	331 709	312 682	294 656	278 632	<b>263</b> 609	249 587	236 566	223 546	212 527
28LH13	30	28	37	200	545 895	520 874	496 854	<b>476</b> 835	454 816	435 799	408 782	383 766	361 751	340 722	321 694	<b>303</b> 668	<b>285</b> 643	<b>270</b> 620	256 598	243 577
			38-46	47-48	569 49	543 50	518 51	495 52	472 53	452 54	433 55	415 56	396 57	373 58	352 59	332 60	314 61	297 62	281 63	266 64
32LH06	14	32	16700	16700	338			304	294	284		266	_	249	242	234	227	220	214	208
32LH07	16	32	18800	18800	211 379	326 199 366	315 189 353	179 341	169	161 318	275 153 308	145 298	257 138 288	131 279	125 271	119 262	114 254	108 247	104 240	<b>99</b> 233
32LH08	17	32	20400	20400	235 411 255	223 397 242	211 383 229	200 369 216	189 357 205	179 345 194	170 333 184	162 322 175	154 312 167	146 302 159	140 293 151	133 284 144	127 275 137	121 267 131	116 259	111 252
32LH09	21	32	25600	25600	255 516 319	242 498 302	229 480 285	216 463 270	205 447 256	194 432 243	184 418 230	175 404 219	167 391 208	159 379 198	151 367 189	144 356 180	137 345 172	131 335 164	125 325 157	120 315 149
32LH10	21	32	28300	28300	319 571 352	302 550 332	285 531 315	270 512 297	256 495 282	243 478 267	230 462 254	219 445 240	208 430 228	198 416 217	189 402 206	180 389 196	172 376 186	164 364 178	157 353 169	342
32LH11	24	32	31000	31000	625	602	315 580 343	560	541	522	505	488	473	458	443	429	416	403	390	162 378
32LH12	27	32	36400	36400	<b>385</b> 734	363	343 688	325 664	308 641	292 619	277	263 578	251 559	239 541	227 524	216	206 492	196 477	187 463	179
32LH13	30	32	40600	40600	450	428 801	406	664 384 771	364	345	598 327 690	578 311 666	559 295 643	541 281 621	524 267 600	508 255 581	492 243 562	232	221 527	211 511
32LH14	33	32	41800	41800	817 500 843	480	461	444	742 420 780	397 766	376	354	336	319	304	581 288 622	562 275 602	262	249 564	238 547
32LH15	35	32	43200	43200	843 515 870	826 495 853	810 476 837	795 458 821	780 440 805	417	738 395 776	713 374 763	688 355 750	665 337 725	643 321 701	<b>304</b> 678	602 290 656	583 276 635	264 616	251 597
					532	853 511	492	473	454	791 438	776 422	407	750 393	725 374	701 355	338	322	306	292	279
36LH07	10	36	42-46 16800	47-56 16800	<b>57</b> 292	<b>58</b> 283	<b>59</b> 274	<b>60</b> 266	61 258	62 251	<b>63</b> 244	64 237	<b>65</b> 230	66 224	67 218	68 212	69 207	<b>70</b> 201	<b>71</b> 196	72 191
	16	1000			177	168	160	153	146 284	140 276	134 268	128 260	122	117 246	1112	107 233	103 227	99 221	95 215	<b>91</b> 209
36LH08	18	36	18500	18500	321 194	311	302 176	293 168	160	153	146	140	253 134 323	128	239 123	118 297	113	109 282	104 275	100 267
36LH09	21	36	23700	23700	411 247	398 235	386 224	374	363	352 195	342 186	333 179	171	314 163	306 157	150	289 144 220	138	133	127
36LH10	21	36	26100	26100	454 273	440 260	426 248	413 236	401 225	389 215	378 206	367 197	357 188	347 180	338 173	328 165	320 159	311 152	303 146	295 140
36LH11	23	36	28500	28500	495 297	480 283	465 269	451 257	438 246	425 234	412 224	401 214	389 205	378 196	368 188	358 180	348 173	339 166	330 159	322 153
36LH12	25	36	34100	34100	593 354	575 338	557 322	540 307	523 292	508 279	493 267	478 255	464 243	450 232	437	424 213	412 204	400 195	389 187	378 179
36LH13	30	36	40100	40100	697 415	675 395	654 376	634 359	615 342	596 327	579 312	562 298	546 285	531 273	516 262	502 251	488 240	475 231	463 222	451 213
36LH14	36	36	44200	44200	768 456	755 434	729 412	706 392	683 373	661 356	641 339	621 323	602 309	584 295	567 283	551 270	535 259	520 247	505 237	492 228
36LH15	36	36	46600	46600	809 480	795 464	781 448	769 434	744 413	721 394	698 375	677 358	656 342	637 327	618 312	600 299	583 286	567 274	551 263	536 252
	-		-		400	104	140	104	110	004	0.0	1000	0.12		1012	200			200	

#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE/LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 30 ksi

Joist Designation	Approx. Wt. in Lbs. per Linear Ft.	Depth in Inches	in I	LOAD <sup>•</sup> Lbs. ween							CLEA	R SPA	N IN F	EET						
	(Joists Only)	Inches	47-59	60-64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
40LH08	16	40	16600	16600	254 150	247 144	·241 138	234 132	228 127	222 122	217 117	211 112	206 108	201 104	196 100	192 97	187 93	183 90	178 86	174 83
40LH09	21	40	21800	21800	332 196	323 188	315 180	306 173	298 166	291 160	283 153	276 147	269 141	263 136	256 131	250 126	244 122	239 118	233 113	228 109
40LH10	21	40	24000	24000	367 216	357 207	347 198	338 190	329 183	321 176	313 169	305 162	297 156	290 150	283 144	276 139	269 134	262 129	255 124	249 119
40LH11	22	40	26200	26200	399 234	388 224	378 215	368 207	358 198	349 190	340 183	332 176	323 169	315 163	308 157	300 151	293 145	286 140	279	273
40LH12	25	40	31900	31900	486 285	472 273	459 261	447 251	435 241	424 231	413 222	402 213	392 205	382 197	373 189	364 182	355 176	346 169	338 163	330 157
40LH13	30	40	37600	37600	573 334	557 320	542 307	528 295	514 283	500 271	487 260	475 250	463 241	451 231	440 223	429 214	419 207	409 199	399 192	390 185
40LH14	35	40	43000	43000	656 383	638 367	620 351	603 336	587 323	571 309	556 297	542 285	528 273	515 263	502 252	490 243	478	466 225	455 216	444 209
40LH15	36	40	48100	48100	734	712 408	691 390	671 373	652 357	633 342	616 328	599 315	583 302	567 290	552 279	538 268	524 258	511 248	498 239	486 230
40LH16	42	40	53000	53000	808 469	796 455	784	772	761 416	751 404	730 387	710	691 356	673 342	655 329	638 316	622 304	606 292	591 282	576 271
			52-59	60-72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
44LH09	19	44	20000	20000	272 158	265 152	259 146	253 141	247 136	242 131	236 127	231 122	226 118	221 114	216 110	211 106	207 103	202 99	198 96	194 93
44LH10	21	44	22100	22100	300 174	293 168	286	279 155	272	266	260 139	254 134	249 130	243 125	238 121	233	228	223 110	218 106	214 103
44LH11	22	44	23900	23900	325 188	317 181	310	302 168	295 162	289 157	282	276	269 140	264 136	258 131	252 127	247	242 119	236 115	232
44LH12	25	44	29600	29600	402 232	393 224	383 215	374 207	365	356 192	347 185	339 179	331	323 166	315 160	308 155	300 149	293 144	287 139	280 134
44LH13	30	44	35100	35100	477 275	466 265	454	444 246	433	423	413	404 212	395 205	386 198	377 191	369 185	361	353 173	346	338
44LH14	31	44	40400	40400	549 315	534 302	520 291	506 279	493	481 259	469 249	457 240	446	436	425 215	415 207	406	396	387 187	379 181
44LH15	36	44	47000	47000	639 366	623 352	608 339	593 326	579 314	565 303	551 292	537 281	524 271	223 512 261	500 252	488	476	466 227	455 219	445
44LH16	42	44	54200	54200	737 421	719	701 390	684 375	668 362	652 348	637 336	622 324	608 313	594 302	580 291	568 282	555	543 263	531 255	520 246
44LH17	47	44	58200	58200	790 450	780	769	759	750	732	715	699 363	683 351	667 338	652 327	638 316	624 305	610 295	597 285	584 276
			56-59	60-80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
48LH10	21	48	20000	20000	246 141	241 136	236 132	231	226 123	221 119	217 116	212 112	208 108	204 105	200	196 99	192 96	188 93	185 90	181 87
48LH11	22	48	21700	21700	266 152	260 147	255	249	244	239 129	234 125	229 120	225	220 113	216	212 106	208 103	204 100	200 97	196 94
48LH12	25	48	27400	27400	336 191	329 185	322	315	308 167	301 161	295 156	289 151	283 147	277	272 138	266 133	261 129	256	251 122	246 118
48LH13	29	48	32800	32800	402 228	393 221	384 213	376	368 199	360 193	353 187	345 180	338 175	332 170	325 164	318 159	312 154	306 150	300	294 141
48LH14	32	48	38700	38700	475 269	464 260	454 251	444 243	434 234	425	416 220	407 212	399 206	390 199	383 193	375	367 181	360 176	353	346
48LH15	36	48	44500	44500	545 308	533 298	521 287	510 278	499 269	488	478	468	458	448	439	430	422 208	413 201	405	397 189
48LH16	42	48	51300	51300	629 355	615 343	601 331	588 320	576 310	563 299	551 289	540 280	528 271	518 263	507 255	497	487	477 232	468	459
48LH17	47	48	57600	57600	706 397	690 383	675 371	660 358	646 346	632 335	619 324	606 314	593 304	581 294	569 285	558 276	547 268	536 260	525 252	515 245

\* The safe uniform load for the clear spans shown in the Safe Load Column is equal to (Safe Load)/(Clear span + 0.67) (The added 0.67 feet (8 inches) is required to obtain the proper length on which the Load Tables were developed).

In no case shall the safe uniform load, for clear spans less than the minimum clear span shown in the Safe Load Column, exceed the uniform load calculated for the minimum clear span listed in the Safe Load Column. To solve for <u>live</u> loads for clear spans shown in the Safe Load Column (or lesser clear spans), multiply the live load of the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table by (the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table + 0.67 feet)<sup>2</sup> and divide by (the actual clear span + 0.67 feet)<sup>2</sup>. The live load shall <u>not</u> exceed the safe uniform load.



# STANDARD LOAD TABLE Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 30 ksi DLH-SERIES

#### Adopted by the Steel Joist Institute May 25, 1983, Revised to May 2, 1994 - Effective September 1, 1994

The black figures in the following table give the TOTAL safe uniformly-distributed load-carrying capacities in pounds per linear foot, of **DLH-Series** joists. The weight of DEAD loads, including the joists, must in all cases be deducted to determine the LIVE load-carrying capacities of the joists. The approximate DEAD load of the joists may be determined from the weights per linear foot shown in the tables. All loads shown are for roof construction only.

The RED figures in this load table are the LIVE loads per linear foot of joist which will produce an approximate deflection of  $\gamma_{360}$  of the span. LIVE loads which will produce a deflection of  $\gamma_{240}$  of the span may be obtained by multiplying the red figures by 1.5. In no case shall the TOTAL load capacity of the joists be exceeded.

This load table applies to joists with either parallel chords or standard pitched top chords. When top chords are pitched, the carrying capacities are determined by the nominal depth of the joists at the center of the span. Standard top chord pitch is  $\frac{1}{16}$  inch per foot. If pitch exceeds this standard, the load table does not apply. This load table may be used for parallel chord joists installed to a maximum slope of  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch per foot. All rows of bridging shall be diagonal bridging with bolted connections at the chords and intersections.

<u>Where the span of the joist is in the BLUE SHADED</u> area of the load table <u>hoisting cables shall not be released until the two rows of</u> <u>bridging nearest the third points are completely installed</u>.

Where the span of the joist is in the GRAY SHADED area of the load table hoisting cables shall not be released until all rows of bridging are completely installed.

The approximate moment of inertia of the joist, in inches<sup>4</sup> is:  $I_j = 26.767(W_{LL})(L^3)(10^6)$ , where  $W_{LL} = RED$  figure in the Load Table, and L = (clear span + .67) in feet.

When holes are required in top or bottom chords, the carrying capacities must be reduced in proportion to the reduction of chord areas.

The top chords are considered as being stayed laterally by the roof deck.

The approximate joist weights per linear foot shown in these tables do <u>not</u> include accessories.

Joist Designa- tion	Approx. Wt. in Lbs. per Linear Ft. (Joists Only)	Depth in Inches	SAFE LOAD* in Lbs. Between							CLEA	R SPA	AN IN	FEET						
			61 - 88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
52DLH10	25	52	26700	298 171	291 165	285 159	279 154	273 1 <b>50</b>	267 145	261 140	256 136	251 1 <b>32</b>	246 128	241 124	236 120	231 116	227 114	223 110	218 107
52DLH11	26	52	29300	327 187	320 1 <b>81</b>	313 174	306 1 <b>69</b>	299 1 <b>64</b>	293 158	287 153	281 149	275	270 140	264 1 <b>35</b>	259 1 <b>32</b>	254 128	249	244	240
52DLH12	29	52	32700	365 204	357 197	349 <b>191</b>	342 185	334 1 <b>79</b>	327 173	320 168	314 163	307 158	301 153	295 1 <b>49</b>	289 1 <b>44</b>	284 140	278 135	273 1 <b>32</b>	268 128
52DLH13	34	52	39700	443	433 239	424 231	414	406 216	397 209	389 203	381 <b>197</b>	373 191	366 185	358 1 <b>80</b>	351 1 <b>74</b>	344 170	338 164	331 159	325 155
52DLH14	39	52	45400	507 276	497 266	486 258	476 249	466 242	457 234	447 227	438 220	430 213	421 207	413 201	405 1 <b>94</b>	397 189	390 184	382 1 <b>78</b>	375 173
52DLH15	42	52	51000	569 311	557 <b>301</b>	545 291	533 282	522 272	511 264	500 256	490 247	480 240	470 233	461 226	451 219	443 213	434 207	426 201	418 <b>195</b>
52DLH16	45	52	55000	614 346	601 335	588 324	575 314	563 304	551 294	540 285	528 276	518 267	507 260	497 252	487 245	478 237	468	459	451 217
52DLH17	52	52	63300	706 395	691 381	676 369	661 357	647 346	634 335	620 324	608 315	595 304	583 296	572 286	560 279	549 270	539 263	528 255	518 247
			66 - 96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
56DLH11	26	56	28100	288 169	283 163	277 158	272 153	267 1 <b>49</b>	262 1 <b>45</b>	257 140	253 136	248 1 <b>33</b>	244 129	239 125	235 122	231 118	227 115	223 113	219 110
56DLH12	30	56	32300	331 184	324	318 173	312 168	306 163	300 158	295 153	289 150	284 1 <b>45</b>	278	273 137	268 1 <b>33</b>	263 1 <b>30</b>	259 126	254 123	249 119
56DLH13	34	56	39100	401 223	394 216	386 209	379 204	372 197	365 191	358 186	351 181	344 175	338 171	331 166	325 161	319 <b>157</b>	314 152	308 1 <b>49</b>	303 145
56DLH14	39	56	44200	453	444	435	427	419 221	411 214	403 209	396 202	388 196	381 <b>190</b>	375 186	368 181	361 175	355	349 167	343
56DLH15	42	56	50500	518 281	508	498	488	478	469	460 234	451	443	434	426 209	419 204	411 <b>198</b>	403	396 188	389 182
56DLH16	46	56	54500	559 313	548 304	537 294	526 285	516 277	506 269	496 262	487	478	469	460 233	452	444	436	428	420
56DLH17	51	56	62800	643 356	630 345	618 335	605 325	594 <b>316</b>	582 306	571 298	560 289	549 281	539 273	529 266	520 258	510 251	501 245	492 238	483 231



#### DEEP LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, DLH-SERIES Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 30 ksi

Joist Designa- tion	Approx. Wt. in Lbs. per Linear Ft. (Joists Only)	Depth in Inches	SAFE I in I Betv									R SPA								
			70-99	100-104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
60DLH12	29	60	31100	31100	295 168	289 163	284 158	279 154	274 150	270 146	265 142	261 138	256 134	252 131	248 128	244 1 <b>24</b>	240 121	236 118	232 115	228 113
60DLH13	35	60	37800	37800	358 203	351 197	345 191	339 187	333 181	327 176	322 171	316 167	311 163	306 158	301 154	296 151	291 147	286 143	282 1 <b>39</b>	277 135
60DLH14	40	60	42000	42000	398	391	383	376	370	363	356	350	344	338	332	327	321	316	310	305
60DLH15	43	60	49300	49300	<b>216</b> 467	<b>210</b> 458	<b>205</b> 450	<b>199</b> 442	193 434	189 427	<b>183</b> 419	<b>178</b> 412	<b>173</b> 405	170 398	165 392	161 385	1 <b>56</b> 379	<b>152</b> 373	1 <b>49</b> 367	1 <b>45</b> 361
60DLH16	46	60	54200	54200	<b>255</b> 513	<b>248</b> 504	<b>242</b> 494	<b>235</b> 485	<b>228</b> 476	<b>223</b> 468	<b>216</b> 460	<b>210</b> 451	<b>205</b> 444	<b>200</b> 436	<b>194</b> 428	190 421	185 414	180 407	175 400	171 393
60DLH17	52	60	62300	62300	<b>285</b> 590	<b>277</b> 579	<b>269</b> 569	<b>262</b> 558	<b>255</b> 548	<b>247</b> 538	<b>241</b> 529	<b>235</b> 519	<b>228</b> 510	<b>223</b> 501	<b>217</b> 493	<b>211</b> 484	<b>206</b> 476	<b>201</b> 468	<b>196</b> 460	1 <b>90</b> 453
60DLH18	59	60	71900	71900	<b>324</b> 681	<b>315</b> 668	<b>306</b> 656	<b>298</b> 644	<b>290</b> 632	<b>283</b> 621	<b>275</b> 610	<b>267</b> 599	<b>261</b> 589	<b>254</b> 578	<b>247</b> 568	<b>241</b> 559	<b>235</b> 549	<b>228</b> 540	<b>223</b> 531	<b>217</b> 522
			75.00	100 110	366	357	346	337	327	319	310	303	294	286	279	272	266	259	252	246
			75-99	100-112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128
64DLH12	31	64	30000	30000	264 153	259 1 <b>50</b>	255 1 <b>46</b>	251 142	247 138	243 1 <b>35</b>	239 1 <b>32</b>	235 129	231 125	228 122	224 119	221 116	218 114	214 111	211 109	208 106
64DLH13	34	64	36400	36400	321 186	315 181	310 <b>176</b>	305 171	300 1 <b>68</b>	295 163	291 1 <b>59</b>	286 155	281 1 <b>52</b>	277 148	273 144	269 1 <b>41</b>	264 1 <b>37</b>	260 <b>134</b>	257 1 <mark>31</mark>	253 128
64DLH14	40	64	41700	41700	367 199	360 <b>193</b>	354 189	349 184	343 179	337 174	332 171	326 166	321 162	316 <b>158</b>	311 154	306 1 <b>51</b>	301 147	296 143	292 140	287 1 <b>36</b>
64DLH15	43	64	47800	47800	421 234	414 228	407 223	400 217	394 211	387 206	381 201	375 196	369 1 <b>91</b>	363 187	358 182	352 177	347 173	341 <b>170</b>	336 165	331 161
64DLH16	46	64	53800	53800	474 262	466 254	458 248	450 242	443 235	435 229	428 224	421 218	414 213	407 208	401 203	394 198	388 193	382 189	376 184	370 180
64DLH17	52	64	62000	62000	546 298	536 290	527 283	518 275	509 268	501 262	492 255	484 248	476 243	468 237	461 231	454 226	446 220	439 215	432 210	426 205
64DLH18	59	64	71600	71600	630 337	619 <b>328</b>	608 320	598 311	587 304	578 296	568 288	559 282	549 274	540 267	532 261	523 255	515 249	507 243	499 237	491 232
			80-99	100-120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136
68DLH13	37	68	35000	35000	288 171	284 168	279 164	275 159	271 155	267 152	263 1 <b>49</b>	259 1 <b>45</b>	255 142	252 1 <b>38</b>	248 1 <b>35</b>	244 1 <b>33</b>	241 1 <b>30</b>	237 127	234 <b>124</b>	231 121
68DLH14	40	68	40300	40300	332 184	327 179	322 175	317 171	312 167	308 163	303 1 <b>59</b>	299 155	294 152	290 148	286 145	281 1 <b>4</b> 1	277 138	273 1 <b>35</b>	269 <b>133</b>	266 1 <b>30</b>
68DLH15	40	68	45200	45200	372 206	365 201	360 196	354 191	348 187	343 182	337 178	332 174	327 170	322 166	317 162	312 158	308 155	303 152	299 148	294 145
68DLH16	49	68	53600	53600	441	433	427	420	413	407	400 209	394 204	388 199	382 195	376 190	371 186	365 182	360 178	354 174	349 171
68DLH17	55	68	60400	60400	497	<b>236</b> 489	481	474	467	460	453	446	439	433	427	420	414	408	403	397 194
68DLH18	61	68	69900	69900	<b>275</b> 575	<b>268</b> 566	<b>262</b> 557	<b>256</b> 549	<b>249</b> 540	<b>244</b> 532	<b>238</b> 524	<b>232</b> 516	<b>228</b> 508	<b>222</b> 501	217 493	212 486	<b>208</b> 479	<b>203</b> 472	<b>198</b> 465	459
68DLH19	67	68	80500	80500	<b>311</b> 662	<b>304</b> 651	<b>297</b> 641	<b>289</b> 631	<b>283</b> 621	<b>276</b> 611	<b>269</b> 601	<b>263</b> 592	<b>257</b> 583	<b>251</b> 574	<b>246</b> 565	240 557	<b>234</b> 548	<b>230</b> 540	<b>225</b> 532	<b>219</b> 525
			04.00	100.100	353	344	336	328	320	313	305	298	291	285	278	272	266	260	254	248
70011144		70	84-99	100-128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142 252	143 248	245
72DLH14	41	72	39200	39200	303 171	298 167	294 163	290 159	285 155	281 152	277 149	274 146	270 143	266 1 <b>39</b>	262 136	259 133	255 131	128	125	245 123
72DLH15	44	72	44900	44900	347 191	342 187	336 1 <b>83</b>	331 178	326 174	322 171	317 167	312 163	308 160	303 156	299 152	295 150	291 147	286 143	282 140	279 1 <b>37</b>
72DLH16	50	72	51900	51900	401 225	395 219	390 214	384 209	378 205	373 200	368 1 <b>96</b>	363 191	358 188	353 183	348 179	343 175	338 171	334 169	329 165	325 161
72DLH17	56	72	58400	58400	451 256	445 250	438 245	432 239	426 233	420 228	414 224	408 <b>218</b>	402 213	397 209	391 205	386 200	381 196	376 191	371 188	366 184
72DLH18	59	72	68400	68400	528 289	520 283	512 276	505 270	497	490 258	483	479	470	463	457 231	450 227	444	438	432	426
72DLH19	70	72	80200	80200	619 328	609 321	600 313		582 300	573 293	565 286		549 274	541 268	533 263	526 257	518 251	511 247	504 241	497 236

\* The safe uniform load for the clear spans shown in the Safe Load Column is equal to (Safe Load)/(Clear span + 0.67) (The added 0.67 feet (8 inches) is required to obtain the proper length on which the Load Tables were developed).

In no case shall the safe uniform load, for clear spans less than the minimum clear span shown in the Safe Load Column, exceed the uniform load calculated for the minimum clear span listed in the Safe Load Column. To solve for <u>live</u> loads for clear spans shown in the Safe Load Column (or lesser clear spans), multiply the live load of the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table by (the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table + 0.67 feet)<sup>2</sup> and divide by (the actual clear span + 0.67 feet)<sup>2</sup>. The live load shall <u>not</u> exceed the safe uniform load.

# METRIC LOAD TABLE LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES

Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 207 MPa

Adopted by the Steel Joist Institute May 2, 1994 - Effective September 1, 1994

The black figures in the following table give the TOTAL safe uniformly-distributed load-carrying capacities, in kiloNewtons per meter, of **LH-Series** Joists. The weight (kN/m) of DEAD loads, including the joists, must in all cases be deducted to determine the LIVE load-carrying capacities of the joists. The approximate DEAD load of the joists may be determined from the weights shown in the tables.

The RED figures in this load table are the LIVE loads (kiloNewtons per meter) of joist which will produce an approximate deflection of  $\frac{1}{360}$  of the span. LIVE loads which will produce a deflection of  $\frac{1}{240}$  of the span may be obtained by multiplying the red figures by 1.5. In no case shall the TOTAL load capacity of the joists be exceeded.

This load table applies to joists with either parallel chords or standard pitched top chords. When top chords are pitched, the carrying capacities are determined by the nominal depth of the joists at center of the span. Standard top chord pitch is 1:96. If pitch exceeds this standard, the load table **does not** apply. This load table may be used for parallel chord joists installed to a maximum slope of 1:24.

Where the joist span is in the RED SHADED area of

the load table, the row of bridging nearest the mid span shall be diagonal bridging with bolted connections at chords and intersection. <u>Hoisting cables shall not be</u> released until this row of bolted diagonal bridging is completely installed.

Where the joist span is in the BLUE SHADED area of the load table, all rows of bridging shall be diagonal bridging with bolted connections at chords and intersection. <u>Hoisting cables shall not be released until the</u> two rows of bridging nearest the third points are completely installed.

When holes are required in top or bottom chords, the carrying capacities must be reduced in proportion to reduction of chord areas.

The top chords are considered as being stayed laterally by floor slab or roof deck.

The approximate joist weights (kg/m) and mass (kN/m) shown in these tables do <u>not</u> include accessories.

The approximate moment of inertia of the joist, in(mm<sup>4</sup>) is:

 $I_J$  = 2.6953 ( $W_{LL}$ )( $L^3$ )(10<sup>-5</sup>), where  $W_{LL}$  = RED figure in the Load Table; L = (Span + 204) in millimeters.



#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE IN METRIC UNITS / LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES SAFE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD IN KILONEWTONS / METER

Joist Designation	Approx. Mass	Approx. Mass	Depth (mm)	SAFE LOAD*							CI	EAR SP	AN (mm	n)						
Jesignation	(kN / m)		(mm)	Between							UL.	LAN OF		9						
	Variation of	(13)		6400-7315	7619	7924	8229	8534	8839	9144	9448	9753	10058	10363	10668	10972				
18LH02	0.15	15	457	53.3	6.82 4.56	6.45 4.14	6.10 3.77	5.70 3.41	5.35 3.09	5.03 2.81	4.72 2.55	4.46	4.21	3.98 1.97	3.77 1.80	3.57 1.66				
18LH03	0.16	16	457	59.1	7.60	7.19	6.81	6.39	5.96	5.57	5.23	4.91	4.62	4.36	4.13	3.89				
18LH04	0.18	18	457	68.9	5.07 8.81	4.62 8.33	4.21 7.80	3.82 7.29	3.44 6.84	3.10 6.42	2.83 6.02	2.58 5.66	2.34 5.32	2.15 5.02	1.98 4.74	1.80 4.49	-	-		
		20			5.88	5.35	4.80	4.31	3.88	3.53	3.19	2.91	2.65	2.43	2.23	2.05				-
18LH05	0.22	22	457	77.8	9.98	9.45 6.04	8.96 5.51	8.47 5.03	7.92	7.41	6.94 3.73	6.53 3.40	6.14 3.09	5.79 2.84	5.47 2.61	5.18 2.39				
18LH06	0.22	22	457	92.0	11.80	10.93	10.15	9.45	8.82	8.26	7.74	7.28	6.85	6.46	6.10	5.77				
18LH07	0.25	25	457	95.6	7.67 12.25	6.84 11.8	6.11 11.38	5.50 10.59	4.96 9.89	4.48 9.26	4.08 8.68	3.70 8.15	3.38 7.67	3.09 7.23	2.84 6.84	2.62 6.47				
18LH08	0.28	28	457	99.6	8.07 12.78	7.48	6.94 11.85	6.24 11.44	5.63 11.06	5.09 10.46	4.62 9.92	4.20 9.35	3.85 8.81	3.51 8.33	3.23 7.88	2.97 7.47	_	-		
				6.000	8.42	7.79	7.23	6.74	6.23	5.64	5.12	4.67	4.26	3.89	3.59	3.29		_		-
18LH09	0.31	31	457	106.7	13.65 8.98	13.14 8.33	12.66	12.22	11.82 6.68	11.42 6.10	11.07 5.54	10.4 5.04	9.79 4.61	9.23	8.72 3.88	8.26 3.57				
				6705-7315	7619	7924	8229	8534	8839	9144	9448	9753	10058	10363	10668	10972	11277	11582	11887	12192
20LH02	0.15	15	508	50.2	6.45	6.37	6.28	5.98	5.66	5.32	5.02	4.74	4.48	4.24	4.01	3.82	3.63	3.45	3.28	3.13
0011100	0.10	10		50.0	4.46	4.42	4.34	3.99	3.64	3.32	3.03	2.77	2.53	2.33	2.14	1.98	1.83	1.70	1.57	1.47
20LH03	0.16	16	508	53.3	6.84 4.91	6.75 4.85	6.68 4.62	6.59 4.40	6.33 4.08	6.04 3.76	5.76 3.47	5.42 3.18	5.13 2.91	4.85 2.68	4.61 2.46	4.36	4.13 2.08	3.92 1.94	3.72	3.54
20LH04	0.18	18	508	65.3	8.37	8.26	8.14	7.70	7.23	6.81	6.42	6.07	5.73	5.42	5.15	4.88	4.64	4.42	4.21	4.01
20LH05	0.20	21	508	70.2	6.24 8.98	5.92 8.88	5.63 8.78	5.13 8.68	4.67 8.33	4.24 7.93	3.86 7.48	3.54 7.06	3.25 6.68	2.99 6.33	2.75 5.99	2.53 5.69	2.34 5.41	2.17 5.15	2.02 4.90	1.88 4.68
20LH06	0.22	22	508	93.8	6.69 11.99	6.37 11.54	6.07 11.13	5.76 10.55	5.34 9.90	4.91 9.26	4.49 8.69	4.10 8.17	3.76 7.69	3.47 7.25	3.19 6.84	2.94 6.47	2.72 6.14	2.52 5.82	2.34 5.53	2.18 5.26
					8.84	8.18	7.60	6.96	6.23	5.63	5.12	4.67	4.26	3.89	3.59	3.29	3.05	2.80	2.59	2.40
20LH07	0.25	25	508	100.0	12.81 9.44	12.33 8.74	11.87 8.11	11.47 7.55	11.09 7.06	10.37 6.39	9.73 5.80	9.15 5.28	8.61 4.83	8.11 4.42	7.67 4.05	7.25 3.73	6.87 3.44	6.52 3.18	6.20 2.94	5.89 2.72
20LH08	0.28	28	508	103.1	13.25	12.74	12.28	11.86	11.45		10.53	10.02	9.54	9.06	8.58	8.14	7.73	7.34	6.99	6.66
20LH09	0.31	31	508	112.9	9.76 14.44	9.03 13.9	8.39 13.39	7.82 12.93	7.29	6.82 12.08	6.24 11.7	5.76 11.35	5.32 11.01	4.90 10.39	4.50 9.82	4.15 9.28	3.82 8.80	3.53 8.34	3.28 7.93	3.05 7.54
20LH10	0.34	34	508	121.8	10.63 15.58	9.85 15.00	9.13 14.46	8.47 13.95	7.90 13.48	7.39	6.93 12.62	6.37 12.24	5.82 11.87	5.34 11.54	4.90 10.91	4.50 10.31	4.15 9.77	3.85 9.28	3.56 8.81	3.31 8.39
	0.01	•··		100000000	11.47	10.56	9.82	9.13	8.53	7.95	7.44	6.99	6.53	5.99	5.50	5.04	4.67	4.31	3.99	3.70
24LH03	0.16	16	610	8534-9753 51.1	10058 4.99	10363 4.94	10668 4.90	10972 4.71	11277	11582 4.27	11887	12192 3.89	12496 3.72	12801 3.56	13106 3.41	13411 3.26	13715 3.13	14020 3.02	14325 2.90	14630 2.78
241103	0.10	10	010	51.1	3.42	3.29	3.18	2.97	2.74	2.55	2.36	2.21	2.05	1.92	1.80	1.69	1.59	1.48	1.40	1.31
24LH04	0.18	18	610	62.7	6.11 4.20	5.80 3.86	5.53 3.59	5.25 3.31	5.00 3.06	4.77 2.84	4.55	4.34 2.46	4.15	3.98	3.82	3.66 1.89	3.51 1.78	3.37 1.66	3.23	3.12
24LH05	0.19	19	610	67.1	6.55	6.50	6.42	6.11	5.82	5.54	5.29	5.06	4.83	4.62	4.43	4.24	4.08	3.92	3.76	3.61
24LH06	0.23	24	610	90.2	4.49 8.81	4.33 8.44	4.15 8.09	3.85	3.56 7.35	3.29 7.00	3.06 6.66	2.86 6.37	2.65 6.08	2.49 5.82	2.33 5.56	2.18 5.31	2.05 5.07	1.92 4.87	1.80 4.67	1.70
24LH07	0.25	25	610	99.1	5.99	5.57	5.19 8.94	4.83 8.58	4.46 8.24	4.14 7.89	3.83 7.53	3.57 7.16	3.32 6.82	3.07 6.50	2.87 6.21	2.68 5.93	2.51 5.67	<b>2.34</b> 5.44	2.21 5.21	2.07
	0.00000.00	25	10/10		9.70 6.59		5.73	5.35	5.00	4.67	4.33	4.02	3.75	3.48	3.25	3.03	2.84	2.65	2.49	2.34
24LH08	0.26	27	610	105.8	10.31 7.00		9.47 6.07	9.07 5.66	8.71 5.28		7.95		7.25	6.93 3.70	6.64 3.47	6.34 3.23	6.08 3.03	5.83 2.86	5.60 2.68	
24LH09	0.31	31	610	124.5	12.14	11.79	11.45	11.14	10.66	10.15	9.67	9.22	8.78	8.37	7.99	7.64	7.31	7.00	6.71	6.43
24LH10	0.34	34	610	131.6	8.20	7.73	7.31	6.71 11.80	6.18 11.49		5.29 10.75	4.91 10.24	4.56 9.74	4.26 9.29	3.96 8.87	3.70 8.49	3.47 8.11	3.25 7.77	3.05 7.45	
24LH11	0.36	37	610	138.7	8.69	8.15	7.70	7.29	6.91	6.40 11.77	5.92	5.51 11.20	5.12	4.75	4.43	4.15 9.36	3.88	3.63	3.41 8.27	
241111	0.36	31	610	130.7		8.58	8.09	7.66	7.26		6.55		10.71 5.66	5.26			8.98	8.61 4.02		



#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE IN METRIC UNITS / LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES SAFE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD IN KILONEWTONS / METER

Joist lesignation	Approx. Mass (kN / m)	Mass	Depth (mm)	SAFE L In B Betw	٨N							CLI	EAR SP/	AN (mm)							
	(MY/III)	(kg / m)		10058-1		12496	12801	13106	13411	13715	14020	14325	14630	14935	15239	15544	15849	16154	16459	16764	17068
28LH05	0.19	19	711	62.		4.91 3.19	4.71 2.99	4.52 2.80	4.33 2.62	4.17 2.46	4.01 2.32	3.86 2.18	3.72 2.07	3.57 1.94	3.45 1.83	3.32 1.73	3.21 1.64	3.10 1.56	3.00 1.48	2.90 1.41	2.81 1.34
28LH06	0.23	24	711	82	.7	6.53 4.21	6.26 3.94	6.01 3.69	5.76 3.47	5.53 3.25	5.31 3.05	5.10 2.87	4.91 2.71	4.72 2.55	4.56	4.39	4.24 2.15	4.10	3.95 1.94	3.82 1.83	3.69
28LH07	0.25	25	711	93	.4	7.36 4.75	7.06	6.77 4.15	6.49 3.89	6.23 3.66	5.98 3.44	5.74 3.23	5.53 3.05	5.32 2.87	5.13 2.71	4.94 2.56	4.77 2.42	4.61 2.30	4.45 2.18	4.30 2.07	4.15
28LH08	0.26	27	711	100	.0	7.88 5.07	7.54 4.74	7.23 4.45	6.93 4.15	6.65 3.91	6.39 3.67	6.12 3.44	5.88 3.23	5.64 3.05	5.41 2.86	5.21 2.69	5.02 2.55	4.83 2.40	4.65 2.27	4.49 2.15	4.33
28LH09	0.31	31	711	123	.2	9.73 6.24	9.32 5.83	8.93 5.47	8.55 5.12	8.21 4.80	7.88 4.50	7.57 4.24	7.28 3.99	7.01 3.76	6.75 <u>3.5</u> 4	6.50 3.32	6.27 3.15	6.05 2.97	5.85 2.81	5.64 2.67	5.4 2.5
28LH10	0.34	34	711	134	.7	10.63 6.80	10.27 6.40	9.90 6.04	9.50 5.66	9.12 5.31	8.75 4.99	8.40 4.69	8.08 4.42	7.77 4.15	7.48 3.92	7.22 3.72	6.96 3.51	6.71 3.32	6.47 3.13	6.26 2.97	6.08 2.8
28LH11	0.36	37	711	144	.5	11.38 7.26	11.12 6.93	10.74 6.53	10.37 6.17	9.95 5.79	9.55 5.44	9.17 5.12	8.82 4.83	8.49 4.55	8.18 4.29	7.88 4.05	7.60 . 3.83	7.32 3.63	7.07 3.44	6.82 3.25	6.6 3.0
28LH12	0.39	40	711	158	.8	12.50 7.95	12.21 7.58	11.93 7.23	11.67 6.94	11.41 6.62	11.17 6.34	10.75 5.95	10.34 5.58	9.95 5.26	9.57 4.96	9.22 4.68	8.88 4.42	8.56 4.15	8.26 3.94	7.96 3.73	7.6 3.5
28LH13	0.44	45	711	165	.4	13.06 8.30	12.75 7.92	12.46 7.55	12.18 7.22	11.90 6.88	11.66 6.59	11.41 6.31	11.17 6.05	10.96 5.77	10.53 5.44	10.12 5.13	9.74 4.84	9.38 4.58	9.04 4.33	8.72 4.10	8.4 3.8
				11582-14021	14326-14630	14935	15239	15544	15849	16154	16459	16764	17068	17373	17678	17983	18288	18592	18897	19202	1950
32LH06	0.20	21	813	74.2	74.2	4.93 3.07	4.75 2.9	4.59 2.75	4.43 2.61	4.29 2.46	4.14 2.34	4.01 2.23	3.88 2.11	3.75 2.01	3.63 1.91	3.53 1.82	3.41 1.73	3.31 1.66	3.21 1.57	3.12 1.51	3.00
32LH07	0.23	24	813	83.6	83.6	5.53 3.42	5.34 3.25	5.15 3.07	4.97 2.91	4.8 2.75	4.64 2.61	4.49 2.48	4.34 2.36	4.2 2.24	4.07 2.13	3.95 2.04	3.82 1.94	3.7 1.85	3.6 1.76	3.50 1.69	3.4 1.6
32LH08	0.25	25	813	90.7	90.7	5.99 3.72	5.79 3.53	5.58 3.34	5.38 3.15	5.21 2.99	5.03 2.83	4.85 2.68	4.69 2.55	4.55 2.43	4.40 2.32	4.27 2.20	4.14 2.10	4.01 1.99	3.89 1.91	3.77 1.82	3.6 1.7
32LH09	0.31	31	813	113.8	113.8	7.53 4.65	7.26 4.40	7.00 4.15	6.75 3.94	6.52 3.73	6.30 3.54	6.10 3.35	5.89 3.19	5.70 3.03	5.53 2.88	5.35 2.75	5.19 2.62	5.03 2.51	4.88 2.39	4.74 2.29	4.5 2.1
32LH10	0.31	31	813	125.8	125.8	8.33 5.13	8.02 4.84	7.74 4.59	7.47 4.33	7.22 4.11	6.97 3.89	6.74 3.70	6.49 3.50	6.27 3.32	6.07 3.16	5.86 3.00	5.67 2.86	5.48 2.71	5.31 2.59	5.15 2.46	4.9 2.3
32LH11	0.35	36	813	137.8	137.8	9.12 5.61	8.78 5.29	8.46 5.00	8.17 4.74	7.89 4.49	7.61 4.26	7.36 4.04	7.12 3.83	6.90 3.66	6.68 3.48	6.46 3.31	6.26 3.15	6.07 3.00	5.88 2.86	5.69 2.72	5.5 2.6
32LH12	0.39	40	813	161.9	161.9	10.71 6.56	10.39 6.24	10.04 5.92	9.69 5.60	9.35 5.31	9.03 5.03	8.72 4.77	8.43 4.53	8.15 4.30	7.89 4.10	7.64 3.89	7.41 3.72	7.18 3.54	6.96 3.38	6.75 3.22	6.5 3.0
32LH13	0.44	45	813	180.5	180.5	11.92 7.29	11.68 7.00	11.45 6.72	11.25 6.47	10.82 6.12	10.43 5.79	10.06 5.48	9.71 5.16	9.38 4.90	9.06 4.65	8.75 4.43	8.47 4.20	8.20 4.01	7.93 3.82	7.69 3.63	7.4 3.4
32LH14	0.48	49	813	185.9	185.9	12.30 7.51	12.05 7.22	11.82 6.94	11.60 6.68	11.38 6.42	11.17 6.08	10.77 5.76	10.4 5.45	10.04 5.18	9.70 4.91	9.38 4.68	9.07 4.43	8.78 4.23	8.50 4.02	8.23 3.85	7.9
32LH15	0.51	52	813	192.1	192.1	12.69 7.76	12.44 7.45	12.21 7.18	11.98 6.90	11.74 6.62	11.54 6.39	11.32 6.15	5.93	10.94 5.73	10.58 5.45	10.23 5.18	9.89 4.93	9.57 4.69	9.26 4.46	8.98 4.26	8.7 4.0
0011107	0.00	01	014	12802-14021	14326-17069 74.7	17373 4.26	17678 4.13	17983 3.99	18288 3.88	18592 3.76	18897 3.66	19202 3.56	19507 3.45	19812 3.35	20116 3.26	20421 3.18	20726 3.09	21031 3.02	21336 2.93	21640 2.86	2194
36LH07	0.23	24	914	74.7	1000	2.58	2.45	2.33	2.23	2.13	2.04	1.95	1.86	1.78	1.70	1.63	1.56	1.50	1.44	1.38	1.3
36LH08	0.26	27	914	82.2	82.2	4.68 2.83	4.53 2.69	4.40 2.56	4.27 2.45	4.14 2.33	4.02 2.23	3.91 2.13		3.69 1.95	3.59 1.86	3.48 1.79	3.40 1.72	3.31 1.64	3.22 1.59	3.13 1.51	3.0 1.4
36LH09	0.31	31	914	105.4	105.4	5.99 3.60	5.80 3.42	3.26	3.12	2.97	2.84	2.71	2.61	4.71 2.49	4.58 2.37	4.46 2.29	4.33 2.18	4.21 2.10		4.01 1.94	
36LH10	0.31	31	914	116.0	116.0	6.62 3.98	6.42 3.79	3.61	6.02 3.44	3.28	3.13	5.51 3.00	2.87	5.21 2.74	5.06 2.62	2.52	4.78 2.40	4.67 2.32	2.21	4.42 2.13	2.0
36LH11	0.34	34	914	126.7	126.7	7.22	7.00	3.92	3.75	3.59	3.41	6.01 3.26	3.12	5.67 2.99	5.51 2.86	2.74	5.22 2.62	5.07 2.52	2.42	4.81	2.2
36LH12	0.36	37	914	151.6	151.6	8.65 5.16	-	4.69	4.48	4.26	4.07	7.19	3.72	6.77 3.54	6.56 3.38	3.23	6.18 3.10	6.01 2.97	2.84	5.67	2.6
36LH13	0.44	45	914	178.3	178.3	10.17	5.76	5.48	5.23	4.99	4.77	8.44 4.55	4.34	7.96	7.74	3.82	3.66	7.12	3.37	6.75 3.23	3.
36LH14	0.53	54	914	196.6	196.6	11.20 6.65	6.33	6.01	5.72	5.44	5.19	9.35 4.94	4.71	8.78 4.50	8.52 4.30	4.13		7.80	3.60	7.36	3.3
36LH15	0.53	54	914	207.2	207.2	11.80 7.00														8.04 3.83	



#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE IN METRIC UNITS / LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, LH-SERIES SAFE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD IN KILONEWTONS / METER

Joist Designation	Approx. Mass	Mass	Depth (mm)	SAFE I In Betw	kN	CLEAR SPAN (mm)															
	(kN / m)	(kg / m)		14326-17983	18288-19507	19812	20116	20421	20726	21031	21336	21640	21945	22250	22555	22860	23164	23469	23774	24079	24384
40LH08	0.23	24	1016	73.8	73.8	3.70 2.18	3.60 2.10	3.51 2.01	3.41 1.92	3.32 1.85	3.23 1.78	3.16 1.70	3.07 1.63	3.00 1.57	2.93 1.51	2.86 1.45	2.80 1.41	2.72 1.35	2.67 1.31	2.59 1.25	2.53 1.21
40LH09	0.31	31	1016	96.9	96.9	4.84 2.86	4.71 2.74	4.59 2.62	4.46 2.52	4.34	4.24 2.33	4.13 2.23	4.02 2.14	3.92 2.05	3.83 1.98	3.73 1.91	3.64 1.83	3.56 1.78	3.48 1.72	3.40 1.64	3.32 1.59
40LH10	0.31	31	1016	106.7	106.7	5.35 3.15	5.21 3.02	5.06 2.88	4.93 2.77	4.80 2.67	4.68 2.56	4.56 2.46	4.45 2.36	4.33 2.27	4.23 2.18	4.13 2.10	4.02 2.02	3.92 1.95	3.82 1.88	3.72 1.80	3.63 1.73
40LH11	0.32	33	1016	116.5	116.5	5.82 3.41	5.66 3.26	5.51 3.13	5.37 3.02	5.22 2.88	5.09 2.77	4.96 2.67	4.84 2.56	4.71 2.46	4.59 2.37	4.49 2.29	4.37 2.20	4.27 2.11	4.17 2.04	4.07 1.97	3.98 1.89
40LH12	0.36	37	1016	141.8	141.8	7.09 4.15	6.88 3.98	6.69 3.80	6.52 3.66	6.34 3.51	6.18 3.37	6.02 3.23	5.86 3.10	5.72 2.99	5.57 2.87	5.44 2.75	5.31 2.65	5.18 2.56	5.04 2.46	4.93 2.37	4.81 2.29
40LH13	0.44	45	1016	167.2	167.2	8.36 4.87	8.12 4.67	7.90 4.48	7.70	7.50 4.13	7.29 3.95	7.10 3.79	6.93 <u>3.64</u>	6.75 3.51	6.58 3.37	6.42 3.25	6.26 3.12	6.11 <u>3.02</u>	5.96 2.90	5.82 2.80	5.69 2.69 6.47
40LH14	0.51	52	1016	191.2	191.2	9.57 5.58	9.31 5.35	9.04 5.12	8.80 4.90	8.56 4.71	8.33 4.50	8.11 4.33	7.90 4.15	7.70	7.51 3.83	7.32 3.67	7.15	6.97 3.40 7.64	6.80 3.28	6.64 3.15 7.26	6.47 3.05 7.09
40LH15	0.53	54	1016	213.9	213.9	10.71 6.23 11.79	10.39 5.95 11.61	10.08 5.69 11.44	9.79 5.44 11.26	9.51 5.21 11.10	9.23 4.99 10.96	8.98 4.78 10.65	8.74 4.59 10.36	8.50 4.40 10.08	8.27 4.23 9.82	8.05 4.07 9.55	7.85 3.91 9.31	3.76 9.07	7.45 3.61 8.84	3.48 8.62	3.35 8.40
40LH16	0.61	63	1016	15849-17983	18288-21945	6.84 22250	6.64 22555	6.43 22860	6.24 23164	6.07 23469	5.89 23774	5.64 24079	5.41	5.19 24688	4.99 24993	4.80 25298	4.61 25603	4.43 25907	4.26	4.11 26517	3.95 26822
44LH09	0.28	28	1118	88.9	88.9	3.96	3.86	3.77	3.69	3.60	3.53	3.44	3.37	3.29	3.22	3.15	3.07	3.02	2.94	2.88	2.83
44LH10	0.31	31	1118	98.3	98.3	2.30 4.37	2.21 4.27	2.13 4.17	2.05 4.07	1.98 3.96	1.91 3.88	1.85 3.79	1.78 3.7	1.72 3.63	1.66 3.54	1.60 3.47	1.54 3.40	1.50 3.32	1.44 3.25	1.40 3.18	1.35 3.12
44LH11	0.32	33	1118	106.3	106.3	2.53 4.74	2.45 4.62	2.36 4.52	2.26 4.40	2.18 4.30	2.10 4.21	2.02 4.11	1.95 4.02	1.89 3.92	1.82 3.85	1.76 3.76	1.70 3.67	1.64 3.60	1.60 3.53	1.54 3.44	1.50 3.38
44LH12	0.36	37	1118	131.6	131.6	2.74 5.86	2.64 5.73	2.55 5.58	2.45 5.45	2.36 5.32	2.29 5.19	2.20 5.06	2.13 4.94	2.04 4.83	1.98 4.71	1.91 4.59	1.85 4.49	1.79 4.37	1.73 4.27	1.67 4.18	1.61
44LH13	0.44	45	1118	156.1	156.1	3.38 6.96	3.26 6.80	3.13 6.62	3.02 6.47	2.91 6.31	2.80 6.17	2.69 6.02	2.61 5.89	2.51 5.76	2.42 5.63	2.33	2.26 5.38	2.17 5.26	2.10 5.15	2.02 5.04 2.43	1.95 4.93 2.34
44LH14	0.45	46	1118	179.7	179.7	4.01 8.01 4.59	3.86 7.79 4.40	3.70 7.58 4.24	3.59 7.38 4.07	3.44 7.19 3.91	3.32 7.01 3.77	3.21 6.84 3.63	3.09 6.66 3.50	2.99 6.50 3.37	2.88 6.36 3.25	2.78 6.20 3.13	2.69 6.05 3.02	2.61 5.92 2.91	2.52 5.77 2.81	5.64	5.53
44LH15	0.53	54	1118	209.0	209.0	9.32 5.34	9.09 5.13	8.87 4.94	8.65 4.75	8.44 4.58	8.24 4.42	8.04 4.26	7.83	7.64	7.47	7.29	7.12	6.94 3.41	6.80 3.31	6.64 3.19	6.49 3.07
44LH16	0.61	63	1118	241.0	241.0	10.75	10.49	10.23	9.98	9.74	9.51	9.29	9.07	8.87 4.56	8.66	8.46 4.24	8.28 4.11	8.09 3.96	7.92	7.74 3.72	7.58
44LH17	0.69	70	1118	258.8	258.8	11.52 6.56	11.38 6.39	11.22 6.21	11.07 6.05	10.94 5.91	10.68 5.69	10.43 5.48		9.96 5.12	9.73 4.93	9.51 4.77	9.31 4.61	9.10 4.45	8.90 4.30	8.71 4.15	8.52 4.02
				17068-17983	18288-24384	24688	24993	25298	25603	25907	26212	26517	-	27127	27431	27736	28041	28346	28651	28955	29260
48LH10	0.31	31	1219	88.9	88.9	3.59 2.05	3.51	3.44	3.37	3.29	3.22	3.16	3.09 1.63	3.03	2.97 1.53	2.91	2.86	2.80	2.74	2.69	2.64
48LH11	0.32	33	1219	96.5	96.5	3.88	3.79	3.72	3.63	3.56	3.48	3.41	3.34	3.28	3.21	3.15	3.09	3.03	2.97	2.91 1.41	2.86
48LH12	0.36	37	1219	121.8	121.8	4.90	4.80	4.69	4.59	4.49	4.39	4.30		4.13	4.04	3.96	3.88	3.80	3.73	3.66 1.78	3.59 1.72
48LH13	0.42	43	1219	145.9	145.9	5.86 3.32	5.73	5.60	5.48	5.37 2.90	5.25	5.15 2.72	5.03	4.93 2.55	4.84	4.74	4.64 2.32	4.55 2.24	4.46	4.37 2.11	4.29 2.05
48LH14	0.47	48	1219	172.1	172.1	6.93 3.92	the second se			6.33 3.41	6.20 3.31	6.07 3.21	5.93 3.09	5.82 3.00	5.69 2.90	2.81	5.47 2.72	5.35 2.64	2.56	5.15 2.49	2.40
48LH15	0.53	54	1219	All states	197.9	7.95 4.49	7.77 4.34	4.18	7.44 4.05	7.28 3.92	3.79	6.97 3.67	3.56	3.44	3.32	3.22	6.27 3.12	6.15 3.03	2.93	5.91 2.84	2.75
48LH16	0.61	63	1219		228.1	9.17 5.18	-	4.83	8.58 4.67	4.52	4.36	8.04 4.21	4.08	7.70 3.95	3.83	3.72	7.25	7.10	3.38	6.82 3.28	3.18
48LH17	0.69	70	1219	256.2	256.2	10.30 5.79	1		9.63 5.22	9.42 5.04		9.03 4.72	100000	8.65 4.43	10000	2744766	1000	7.98 3.91	1000	7.66 3.67	7.51 3.57

\* The safe uniform load for the clear spans shown in the Safe Load Column is equal to (Safe Load)/(Clear span + 204) (The added 204 millimeters is required to obtain the proper length on which the Load Tables were developed).

In no case shall the safe uniform load, for clear spans less than the minimum clear span shown in the Safe Load Column, exceed the uniform load calculated for the minimum clear span listed in the Safe Load Column. To solve for <u>live</u> loads for clear spans shown in the Safe Load Column (or lesser clear spans), multiply the live load of the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table by (the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table + 204 mm)<sup>2</sup> and divide by (the actual clear span + 204 mm)<sup>2</sup>. The live load shall <u>not</u> exceed the safe uniform load.

#### **METRIC LOAD TABLE** DEEP LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, DLH- SERIES Based on a Maximum Allowable Tensile Stress of 207 MPa

Adopted by the Steel Joist Institute May 2, 1994 - Effective September 1, 1994

The black figures in the following table give the TOTAL safe uniformly-distributed load-carrying capacities, in kiloNewtons per meter, of **DLH-Series** Joists. The weight (kN/m) of DEAD loads, including the joists, must in all cases be deducted to determine the LIVE load-carrying capacities of the joists. The approximate DEAD load of the joists may be determined from the weights shown in the tables. All loads shown are for roof construction only.

The RED figures in this load table are the LIVE loads (kiloNewtons per meter) of joist which will produce an approximate deflection of 1/360 of the span. LIVE loads which will produce a deflection of 1/240 of the span may be obtained by multiplying the RED figures by 1.5. In no case shall the TOTAL load capacity of the joists be exceeded.

This load table applies to joists with either parallel chords or standard pitched top chords. When top chords are pitched, the carrying capacities are determined by the nominal depth of the joists at center of the span. Standard top chord pitch is 1:96. If pitch exceeds this standard, the load table **does not** apply. This load table may be used for parallel chord joists installed to a maximum slope of 1:24.

All rows of bridging shall be diagonal bridging with bolted connections at the chords and intersections.

Where the span of the joist is in the BLUE SHADED area of the load table <u>hoisting cables shall not be</u> released until the two rows of bridging nearest the third points are completely installed.

Where the span of the joists is in the GRAY SHADED area of the load table <u>hoisting cables shall not be</u> released until all rows of bridging are completely installed.

When holes are required in top or bottom chords, the carrying capacities must be reduced in proportion to reduction of chord areas.

The top chords are considered as being stayed laterally by the roof deck.

The approximate joist weights (kN/m) and mass (kg/m) shown in these tables do <u>not</u> include accessories.

The approximate moment of inertia of the joist, in  $(mm^4)$  is:

 $I_J = 2.6953 (W_{LL})(L^3)(10^{-5})$ , where  $W_{LL} = \text{RED}$  figure in the Load Table; L = (Span + 204) in millimeters.



#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE IN METRIC UNITS / LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, DLH-SERIES SAFE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD IN KILONEWTONS / METER

Joist Designation	Mass	Approx. Mass (kg / m)	Depth (mm)	SAFE I In Betw	kN	CLEAR SPAN (mm)															
	(((() / 11))	(kg / m)		18592-		27127	27431	27736	28041	28346	28651	28955	29260	29565	29870	30175	30479	30784	31089	31394	31699
52DLH10	0.36	37	1321	118	and the second se	4.34	4.24	4.15	4.07	3.98	3.89	3.80	3.73	3.66	3.59	3.51	3.44	3.37	3.31	3.25	3.18
50011144	0.00		1001	100		2.49	2.40	2.32	2.24	2.18	2.11	2.04	1.98	1.92	1.86	1.80	1.75	1.69	1.66	1.60	1.56
52DLH11	0.38	39	1321	130	).3	4.77	4.67	4.56	4.46	4.36 2.39	4.27	4.18	4.10	4.01 2.10	3.94 2.04	3.85 1.97	3.77 1.92	3.70 1.86	3.63	3.56 1.75	3.50
52DLH12	0.42	43	1321	145	5.4	5.32	5.21	5.09	4.99	4.87	4.77	4.67	4.58	4.48	4.39	4.30	4.21	4.14	4.05	3.98	3.91
						2.97	2.87	2.78	2.69	2.61	2.52	2.45	2.37	2.30	2.23	2.17	2.10	2.04	1.97	1.92	1.86
52DLH13	0.50	51	1321	176	6.5	6.46	6.31	6.18	6.04	5.92	5.79	5.67	5.56	5.44	5.34	5.22 2.62	5.12 2.53	5.02 2.48	4.93 2.39	4.83	4.74
52DLH14	0.57	58	1321	201	9	3.60	3.48	3.37	3.26 6.94	3.15	3.05	2.96 6.52	2.87 6.39	2.78 6.27	2.69 6.14	6.02	5.91	5.79	5.69	5.57	5.47
						4.02	3.88	3.76	3.63	3.53	3.41	3.31	3.21	3.10	3.02	2.93	2.83	2.75	2.68	2.59	2.52
52DLH15	0.61	63	1321	226	5.8	8.30	8.12	7.95	7.77	7.61	7.45	7.29	7.15	7.00	6.85	6.72	6.58	6.46	6.33	6.21	6.10
52DLH16	0.66	67	1321	244	16	4.53 8.96	4.39 8.77	4.24 8.58	4.11 8.39	3.96 8.21	3.85 8.04	3.73	3.60	3.50 7.55	3.40 7.39	3.29 7.25	3.19 7.10	3.10 6.97	3.02 6.82	2.93 6.69	2.84
52021110	0.00	07	1021	244		5.04	4.88	4.72	4.58	4.43	4.29	4.15	4.02	3.89	3.79	3.67	3.57	3.45	3.35	3.26	3.16
52DLH17	0.76	77	1321	281	.5	10.3	10.08	9.86	9.64	9.44	9.25	9.04	8.87	8.68	8.50	8.34	8.17	8.01	7.86	7.70	7.55
	-			00110	00000	5.76	5.56 29870	5.38 30175	5.21 30479	5.04 30784	4.88 31089	4.72 31394	4.59 31699	4.43	4.31 32308	4.17 32613	4.07 32918	3.94 33223	3.83 33528	3.72 33832	3.60
56DLH11	0.38	39	1422	20116-		29565	4.13	4.04	3.96	3.89	3.82	3.75	3.69	3.61	32306	3.48	3.42	3.37	3.3526	3.25	34137
00021111	0.00	~~~	1 Thete			2.46	2.37	2.30	2.23	2.17	2.11	2.04	1.98	1.94	1.88	1.82	1.78	1.72	1.67	1.64	1.60
56DLH12	0.44	45	1422	143	3.6	4.83	4.72	4.64	4.55	4.46	4.37	4.30	4.21	4.14	4.05	3.98	3.91	3.83	3.77	3.70	3.63
56DLH13	0.50	51	1422	173	0	2.68	2.59	2.52	2.45	2.37	2.30	2.23	2.18	2.11 5.02	2.05	1.99 4.83	1.94 4.74	1.89	1.83 4.58	1.79	1.73
300LH13	0.50	21	1422	173	5.9	3.25	3.15	3.05	2.97	2.87	2.78	2.71	2.64	2.55	2.49	2.42	2.34	2.29	2.21	2.17	2.11
56DLH14	0.57	58	1422	196	5.6	6.61	6.47	6.34	6.23	6.11	5.99	5.88	5.77	5.66	5.56	5.47	5.37	5.26	5.18	5.09	-
50011145	0.01	00	4.400	00.		3.63	3.53	3.41	3.32	3.22	3.12	3.05	2.94	2.86	2.77	2.71	2.64	2.55	2.49	2.43	
56DLH15	0.61	63	1422	224	1.0	7.55	7.41	7.26 3.85	7.12 3.73	6.97 3.61	6.84 3.53	6.71 3.41	6.58 3.32	6.46 3.22	6.33 3.13	6.21 3.05	6.11 2.97	5.99 2.88	5.88 2.80	5.77 2.74	5.67
56DLH16	0.67	68	1422	242	2.4	8.15	7.99	7.83	7.67	7.53	7.38	7.23	7.10	6.97	6.84	6.71	6.59	6.47	6.36	6.24	6.12
				-		4.56	4.43	4.29	4.15	4.04	3.92	3.82	3.70	3.60	3.50	3.40	3.31	3.22	3.12	3.05	-
56DLH17	0.74	76	1422	279	9.3	9.38	9.19 5.03	9.01 4.88	8.82 4.74	8.66	8.49 4.46	8.33 4.34	8.17	8.01 4.10	7.86 3.98	7.72	7.58	7.44	7.31 3.57	7.18	7.04
				21336-30175	30480-31699	32003	32308	32613	32918	33223		33832	34137	34442	34747	35052	35356	35661	35966	36271	36576
60DLH12	0.42	43	1524	138.3	138.3	4.30	4.21	4.14	4.07	3.99	3.94	3.86	3.80	3.73	3.67	3.61	3.56	3.50	3.44	3.38	3.32
60DI LI12	0.51	50	1504	168.1	100.1	2.45	2.37	2.30	2.24	2.18	2.13	2.07	2.01	1.95 4.53	1.91	1.86	1.80 4.31	1.76	4.17	1.67	1.64
60DLH13	0.51	52	1524	108.1	168.1	2.96	5.12 2.87	5.03 2.78	4.94 2.72	4.65	4.77 2.56	2.49	2.43	2.37	2.30	2.24	2.20	2.14	2.08	2.02	1000
60DLH14	0.58	60	1524	186.8	186.8	5.80	5.70	5.58	5.48	5.39	5.29	5.19	5.10	5.02	4.93	4.84	4.77	4.68	4.61	4.52	4.45
						3.15	3.06	2.99	2.90	2.81	2.75	2.67	2.59	2.52	2.48	2.40	2.34	2.27	2.21	2.17	2.11
60DLH15	0.63	64	1524	219.2	219.2	6.81 3.72	6.68 3.61	6.56 3.53	6.45 3.42	6.33 3.32	6.23 3.25	6.11 3.15	6.01 3.06	5.91 2.99	5.80 2.91	5.72 2.83	5.61	5.53 2.69	5.44	5.35 2.55	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
60DLH16	0.67	68	1524	241.0	241.0	7.48	7.35	7.20	7.07	6.94	6.82	6.71	6.58	6.47	6.36	6.24	6.14	6.04	5.93	5.83	-
						4.15	4.04	3.92	3.82	3.72	3.60	3.51	3.42	3.32	3.25	3.16	3.07	3.00	2.93	2.86	2.77
60DLH17	0.76	77	1524	277.1	277.1	8.61	8.44	8.3	8.14	7.99	7.85	7.72	7.57	7.44	7.31	7.19	7.06	6.94	6.82	6.71	6.61
60DLH18	0.86	88	1524	319.8	319.8	4.72 9.93	4.59 9.74	4.46 9.57	4.34 9.39	4.23 9.22	4.13 9.06	4.01 8.9	3.89 8.74	3.8 8.59	3.70 8.43	3.60 8.28	3.51 8.15	3.42 8.01	3.32	3.25	
						5.34		5.04	4.91	4.77		4.52		4.29	4.17	4.07	3.96	3.88		3.67	
				22860-30175	30480-34137	-	-		-	35661	-	-	-	-		37490		-	38404	-	39014
64DLH12	0.45	46	1626	133.4	133.4	3.85		3.72	3.66	3.6	1000	3.48	200 200	3.37	3.32 1.78	3.26	3.22	3.18		3.07	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
64DLH13	0.50	51	1626	161.9	161.9	4.68			4.45	4.37	4.3	4.24		4.10	4.04			3.85	-	3.75	-
						2.71	2.64	2.56	2.49	2.45	2.37	2.32	2.26	2.21	2.15	2.10	2.05	1.99	1.95	1.91	1.86
64DLH14	0.58	60	1626	185.4	185.4	5.35			5.09	5.00	and the second	4.84		4.68	4.61		and the second second	4.39		4.26	1000
64DLH15	0.63	64	1626	212.6	212.6	2.90			2.68 5.83	2.61	-	2.49	2.42	2.36	2.30	2.24	2.20 5.13	2.14	and the second se	2.04	
						3.41		1.	3.16	3.07	3.00	2.93		2.78	2.72	2.65	2.58	2.52	2.48	2.40	1000
64DLH16	0.67	68	1626	239.3	239.3	6.91		10000	6.56	6.46				6.04	1000		1000	1 2 5 5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5.48	1
64DLH17	0.76	77	1626	275.7	275.7	3.82	-	-	3.53	3.42		3.26		3.10 6.94	-	2.96 6.72	-	2.81		2.68 6.30	-
JADENIA	0.70	"	1020	213.1	213.1	4.34				3.91	and the second	100000	100 Carlos Carlos	3.54	3.45	3.37	3.29	3.21		3.06	1000
64DLH18	0.86	88	1626	318.4	318.4	9.19	-	-	8.72	8.56	8.43	8.28	8.15	8.01	7.88	7.76	7.63	7.51	7.39	7.28	7.16
						4.91	4.78	4.67	4.53	4.43	4.310	4.20	4.11	3.99	3.89	3.80	3.72	3.63	3.54	3.45	3.3



#### STANDARD LOAD TABLE IN METRIC UNITS / LONGSPAN STEEL JOISTS, DLH-SERIES SAFE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD IN KILONEWTONS / METER

Designation	Approx. Mass (kN / m)	Approx. Mass (kg / m)	Depth (mm)	SAFE I In Betw	kN	CLEAR SPAN (mm)															
				24384-30175	30480-36576	36880	37185	37490	37795	38100	38404	38709	39014	39319	39624	39928	40233	40538	40843	41148	41452
68DLH13	0.54	55	1727	155.6	155.6	4.20	4.14	4.07	4.01	3.95	3.89	3.83	3.77	3.72	3.67	3.61	3.56	3.51	3.45	3.41	3.37
						2.49	2.45	2.39	2.32	2.26	2.21	2.17	2.11	2.07	2.01	1.97	1.94	1.89	1.85	1.80	1.76
68DLH14	0.58	60	1727	179.2	179.2	4.84	4.77 2.61	4.69	4.62	4.55 2.43	4.49 2.37	4.42	4.36	4.29	4.23	4.17	4.10	4.04	3.98	3.92	3.88
68DLH15	0.64	65	1727	201.0	201.0	5.42	5.32	5.25	5.16	5.07	5.00	4.91	4.84	4.77	4.69	4.62	4.55	4.49	4.42	4.36	4.29
CODENTO	0.01			201.0	201.0	3.00	2.93	2.86	2.78	2.72	2.65	2.59	2.53	2.48	2.42	2.36	2.30	2.26	2.21	2.15	2.11
68DLH16	0.72	73	1727	238.4	238.4	6.43	6.31	6.23	6.12	6.02	5.93	5.83	5.74	5.66	5.57	5.48	5.41	5.32	5.25	5.16	5.09
	10000000			A REAL PROPERTY.		3.53	3.44	3.35	3.28	3.19	3.12	3.05	2.97	2.90	2.84	2.77	2.71	2.65	2.59	2.53	2.49
68DLH17	0.80	82	1727	268.6	268.6	7.25	7.13	7.01	6.91	6.81	6.71	6.61	6.50	6.40	6.31	6.23	6.12	6.04	5.95	5.88	5.79
					1 Section of the	4.01	3.91	3.82	3.73	3.63	3.56	3.47	3.38	3.32	3.23	3.16	3.09	3.03	2.96	2.88	2.83
68DLH18	0.89	91	1727	310.9	310.9	8.39	8.26	8.12	8.01	7.88	7.76	7.64	7.53	7.41	7.31	7.19	7.09	6.99	6.88	6.78	6.69
						4.53	4.43	4.33	4.21	4.13	4.02	3.92	3.83	3.75	3.66	3.59	3.50	3.41	3.35	3.28	3.19
68DLH19	0.98	100	1727	358.0	358.0	9.66	9.50	9.35	9.20	9.06	8.91	8.77	8.63	8.50	8.37	8.24	8.12	7.99	7.88	7.76	7.66
					14 S. 19 12	5.15	5.02	4.90	4.78	4.67	4.56	4.45	4.34	4.24	4.15	4.05	3.96	3.88	3.79	3.70	3.61
				25603-30175	30480-39014	39319	39624	39928	40233	40538	40843	41148		41757	42062	42367	42672	42976	43281	43586	43891
72DLH14	0.60	61	1829	174.3	174.3	4.42	4.34	4.29	4.23	4.15	4.10	4.04	3.99	3.94	3.88	3.82	3.77	3.72	3.67	3.61	3.57
						2.49	2.43	2.37	2.32	2.26	2.21	2.17	2.13	2.08	2.02	1.98	1.94	1.91	1.86	1.82	1.79
72DLH15	0.64	65	1829	199.7	199.7	5.06	4.99	4.90	4.83	4.75	4.69	4.62	4.55	4.49	4.42	4.36	4.30	4.24	4.17	4.11	4.07
						2.78	2.72	2.67	2.59	2.53	2.49	2.43	2.37	2.33	2.27	2.21	2.18	2.14	2.08	2.04	1.99
72DLH16	0.73	74	1829	230.8	230.8	5.85	5.76	5.69	5.60	5.51	5.44	5.37	5.29	5.22	5.15	5.07	5.00	4.93	4.87	4.80	4.74
						3.28	3.19	3.12	3.05	2.99	2.91	2.86	2.78	2.74	2.67	2.61	2.55	2.49	2.46	2.40	2.34
72DLH17	0.82	83	1829	259.7	259.7	6.58	6.49	6.39	6.30	6.21	6.12	6.04	5.95	5.86	5.79	5.70	5.63	5.56	5.48	5.41	5.34
						3.73	3.64	3.57	3.48	3.40	3.32	3.26	3.18	3.10	3.05	2.99	2.91	2.86	2.78	2.74	2.68
72DLH18	0.86	88	1829	304.2	304.2	7.70	7.58	7.47	7.36	7.25	7.15	7.04	6.99	6.85	6.75	6.66	6.56	6.47	6.39	6.30	6.21
70011140	1.00	101	1000	050.7	050 7	4.21	4.13	4.02	3.94	3.86	3.76	3.67	3.60	3.53	3.44	3.37	3.31	3.23	3.16	3.09	3.05
72DLH19	1.02	104	1829	356.7	356.7	9.03	8.88	8.75	8.62	8.49	8.36	8.24	8.12	8.01	7.89	7.77	7.67	7.55	7.45	7.35	7.25
						4.78	4.68	4.56	4.46	4.37	4.27	4.17	4.08	3.99	3.91	3.83	3.75	3.66	3.60	3.51	3.44

\* The safe uniform load for the clear spans shown in the Safe Load column is equal to (Safe Load)/(Clear span + 204) (The added 204 millimeters is required to obtain the proper length on which the Load Tables were developed).

In no case shall the safe uniform load, for clear spans less than the minimum clear span shown in the Safe Load column, exceed the uniform load calculated for the minimum clear span listed in the Safe Load column.

To solve for <u>live</u> loads for clear spans shown in the Safe Load column (or lesser clear spans), multiply the live load of the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table by (the shortest clear span shown in the Load Table + 204 mm)<sup>2</sup> and divide by (the actual clear span + 204mm)<sup>2</sup>. The live load shall <u>not</u> exceed the safe uniform load.



# **RECOMMENDED CODE OF STANDARD PRACTICE** FOR STEEL JOISTS AND JOIST GIRDERS

Adopted by the Steel Joist Institute April 7, 1931 Revised to May 2, 1994 - Effective September 1, 1994

# SECTION 1.

#### 1.1 SCOPE

The practices and customs set forth herein are in accordance with good engineering practice, tend to insure safety in steel joist and Joist Girder construction, and are standard within the industry. There shall be no conflict between this code and any legal building regulation. This code shall only supplement and amplify such laws. Unless specific provisions to the contrary are made in a contract for the purchase of steel joists or Joist Girders, this code is understood to govern the interpretation of such a contract.

#### **1.2 APPLICATION**

This Code of Standard Practice is to govern as a standard unless otherwise covered in the architects' and engineers' plans and specifications.

#### 1.3 DEFINITION

The term Seller as used herein is defined as a company engaged in the manufacture and distribution of steel joists, Joist Girders and accessories.

The term Material as used herein is defined as steel joists, Joist Girders and accessories.

#### 1.4 DESIGN

In the absence of ordinances or specifications to the contrary, all designs prepared by the specifying professional shall be in accordance with the applicable Steel Joist Institute specifications and table of latest adoption.

#### 1.5 RESPONSIBILITY FOR DESIGN AND ERECTION

When Material requirements are specified, the seller shall assume no responsibility other than to furnish the items listed in Section 5.2 (a). When Material requirements are not specified, the Seller shall furnish the items listed in Section 5.2 (a) in accordance with applicable Steel Joist Institute Specifications of latest adoption, and this code. The Seller shall identify Material by showing size and type. In no case shall the Seller assume any responsibility for the erection of the item furnished.

#### 1.6 PERFORMANCE TEST FOR K-SERIES STEEL JOIST CONSTRUCTION

When job tests on a structure are required, joists shall have bridging and top deck applied as used. In addition to the full dead load, the test panel shall sustain for one hour a test load of 1.65 times the design live load. After this test load has been removed for a minimum of 30 minutes, the remaining deflection shall not exceed 20% of the deflection caused by the test load. The weight of the test panel itself shall constitute the dead load of the construction and shall include the weight of the joists, bridging, top deck, slab, ceiling materials, etc. The design live load shall be the live load specified and in no case shall it be more than the published joist capacity less the dead load. The cost of such tests shall be borne by the purchaser.

## SECTION 2. JOISTS AND ACCESSORIES

#### 2.1 STEEL JOISTS AND JOIST GIRDERS

Steel joists and Joist Girders shall carry the designations and meet the requirements of the applicable Steel Joist Institute Specification and Table of latest adoption.

K-Series joists are furnished with parallel chords only, and with minimum standard end bearing depth of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches (64 mm).

LH- and DLH-Series joists are furnished either underslung or square ended, with top chords either parallel, pitched one way or pitched two ways. Underslung types are furnished with standard end bearing depth of 5 inches (127 mm) for LH-Series. DLH-Series are furnished with standard end bearing depths of 5 inches (127 mm) for section numbers thru 17 and 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inches (191 mm) for section numbers 18 and 19. The standard pitch is <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> inch in 12 inches (1:96). The nom-



inal depth of a pitched Longspan Joist is taken at the center of the span.

Joist Girders are furnished either underslung or square ended with top chords either parallel, pitched one way or pitched two ways. Under-slung types are furnished with a standard end bearing depth of 6 inches (152 mm) for Joist Girders weighing less than 60 pounds per lineal foot (89 kg/m), and 7½ inches (191mm) for Joist Girders weighing 60 pounds per lineal foot (89 kg/m) or more. The standard pitch is  $\frac{1}{8}$  inch in 12 inches (1:96). The nominal depth of a pitched Joist Girder is taken at the center of the span.

Because Longspan and Deep Long Span Joists may have exceptionally high end reactions, it is recommended that the supporting structure be designed to provide a minimum unit bearing pressure of 750 pounds per square inch (5171 Kilo Pascal).

#### 2.2 SLOPED END BEARINGS

Where steel joists or Joist Girders are sloped, beveled ends or sloped shoes may be provided where the slope exceeds <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch in 12 inches (1:48). For Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series, bearing ends will not be beveled for slopes of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch or less in 12 inches (1:48).

#### 2.3 EXTENDED ENDS

Steel joist extended ends shall be in accordance with Manufacturer's Standard and shall meet the requirements of the Steel Joist Institute specification of latest adoption.

#### 2.4 CEILING EXTENSIONS

Ceiling extensions shall be furnished to support ceilings which are to be attached to the bottom of the

	TABLE 2.5.1a											
	K - SERIES JOIST											
MAXIMUM JOIST SPACING FOR HORIZONTAL BRIDGING												
	**BRIDGING MATERIAL SIZE											
	Round Rod Equal leg Angles											
SECTION NUMBER*	1/2" round (13mm ) r = .13"	1 x 7/64 (25mm x 3mm) r = .20″	1-1/4 x 7/64 (32mm x 3mm) r = .25″	1-1/2 x 7/64 (38mm x 3mm) r = .30″	1-3/4 x 7/64 (45mm x 3mm) r = .35″	2 x 1/8 (51mm x 3mm) r = .40"	2-1/2 x 5/32 (64mm x 4mm) r = .50″					
1 thru 9	3′- 3″ (991mm)	5′- 0″ (1524mm)	6′- 3″ (1905mm)	7′- 6″ (2286mm)	8′- 7″ (2616mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12′- 6″ (3810mm)					
10	3′- 0″ (914mm)	4′- 8″ (1422mm)	6′- 3″ (1905mm)	7′- 6″ (2286mm)	8′- 7″ (2626mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12′- 6″ (3810mm)					
11 and 12	2′- 7″ (787mm)	4′- 0″ (1219mm)	5′- 8″ (1727mm)	7′- 6″ (2286mm)	8′- 7″ (2626mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12′- 6″ (3810mm)					

\* Refer to last digit(s) of Joist Designation

\*\* Connection to Joist must resist 700 pounds (3114 N)

			TABLE 2.5.1	b								
			LH SERIES JOIS	STS								
		MAXIMUM JOIST SPANS OVER 60' I										
	**BRIDGING ANGLE SIZE - (EQUAL LEG ANGLE)											
Section Number*	1 x 7/64 (25mm x 3mm) r = .20″	1-1/4 x 7/64 (32mm x 3mm) r = .25″	1-1/2 x 7/64 (38mm x 3mm) r = .30″	1-3/4 x 7/64 (45mm x 3mm) r = .35″	2 x 1/8 (52mm x 3mm) r = .40″	2-1/2 x 5/32 (64mm x 4mm) r = .50″						
02, 03, 04	4′- 7″ (1397mm)	6′- 3″ (1905mm)	7′- 6″ (2289mm)	8′- 9″ (2667mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12′- 4″ (3759mm)						
05 - 06	4′- 1″ (1245mm)	5′- 9″ (1753mm)	7′- 6″ (2286mm)	8′- 9″ (2667mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12′- 4″ (3759mm)						
07 - 08	3′- 9″ (1143mm)	5′- 1″ (1549mm)	6′- 8″ (2032mm)	8′- 6 (2590mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12'- 4" (3759mm)						
09 - 10		4′- 6″ (1372mm)	6′- 0″ (1829mm)	7′- 8″ (2337mm)	10′- 0″ (3048mm)	12'- 4″ (3759mm)						
11 - 12		4′- 1″ (1245mm)	5′- 5″ (1651mm)	6′- 10″ (2083mm)	8′- 11″ (2118mm)	12'- 4″ (3759mm)						
13 - 14		3′ - 9″ (1143mm)	4'- 1" (1245mm)	6′- 3″ (1905mm)	8′- 2″ (2489mm)	12′- 4″ (3759mm)						
15 - 16			4'- 3" (1295mm)	5′-5″ (1651mm)	7'- 1" (2159mm)	11'- 0" (3353mm)						
17			4'- 0" (1219mm)	5′- 1″ (1549mm)	6'- 8'' (2032mm)	10′- 5″ (3175mm)						

\* Refer to last two digits of Joist Designation
 \*\* Connection to Joist must resist force listed in Table 104.5.1

joists. They are not furnished for the support of suspended ceilings. The ceiling extension shall be either an extended bottom chord element or a loose unit, whichever is standard with the manufacturer, and shall be of sufficient strength to properly support the ceiling.

#### 2.5 BRIDGING AND BRIDGING ANCHORS

- (a) Bridging standard with the manufacturer and complying with the applicable Steel Joist Institute specification of latest adoption shall be used for bridging all joists furnished by the manufacturer. Positive anchorage shall be provided at the ends of each bridging row at both top and bottom chords.
- (b) For the K- and LH-Series Joists horizontal bridging is recommended for spans up to and including 60 feet (18288 mm) except where Code requirements for <u>erection stability</u> and/or the Steel Joist Institute Specifications require bolted diagonal bridging.

LH- and DLH-Series Joists exceeding 60 feet (18288 mm) in length shall have bolted diagonal bridging for all rows.

Refer to Section #5 in the K-Series Specifications and Section #105 in the LH/DLH- Specifications for Erection Stability requirements.

The  $\ell/r$  ratio for horizontal bridging shall not exceed 300. The material sizes shown in TABLES 2.5.1a and 2.5.1b meet the criteria (page 88).

Horizontal bridging shall consist of two continuous steel members, one of which is attached to the top chord and the other attached to the bottom chord.

(c) Diagonal cross bridging consisting of angles or other shapes connected to the top and bottom chords, of K-, LH-, and DLH-Series Joists shall be used when required by the applicable Steel Joist Institute standards and specifications of latest adoption.

Diagonal bridging, when used, shall have an  $\ell/r$  ratio not exceeding 200.

When the bridging members are connected at their point of intersection, the following table will meet the above specification.

	TABLE 2.5.2									
	K, LH & DLH SERIES JOISTS									
		MAXIMUM JOIS	ST SPACING FOR DIAGONAL	BRIDGING						
		BRIDGING	ANGLE SIZE - (EQUAL LEG	ANGLES)						
JOIST DEPTH	1 X 7/64 (25mm x 3mm) r = .20″	1-1/4 x 7/64 (32mm x 3mm) r = .25"	1-1/2 x 7/64 (38mm x 3mm) r = .30″	1-3/4 x 7/64 (45mm x 3mm) r = .35″	2x1/8 (51mm x 3mm) r = .40″					
$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 22 \\ 24 \\ 26 \\ 28 \\ 30 \\ 32 \\ 36 \\ 40 \\ 44 \\ 48 \\ 52 \\ 56 \\ 60 \\ 64 \\ 68 \\ 72 \end{array}$	6'- 6" (1981mm) 6'- 6" (1981mm) 6'- 6" (1981mm) 6'- 6" (1981mm) 6'- 5" (1955mm) 6'- 4" (1930mm) 6'- 4" (1930mm) 6'- 3" (1905mm) 6'- 2" (1879mm) 6'- 2" (1879mm) 6'- 1" (1854mm)	8'- 3" (2514mm) 8'- 3" (2514mm) 8'- 2" (2489mm) 8'- 2" (2489mm) 8'- 1" (2463mm) 8'- 1" (2463mm) 8'- 1" (2463mm) 8'- 0" (2438mm) 8'- 0" (2438mm) 7'- 11" (2413mm) 7'- 10" (2387mm) 7'- 9" (2362mm) 7'- 5" (2260mm) 7'- 3" (2209mm)	9'-11" (3022mm) 9'-11" (3022mm) 9'-10" (2997mm) 9'-10" (2997mm) 9'-10" (2997mm) 9'-9" (2971mm) 9'-9" (2971mm) 9'-9" (2971mm) 9'-8" (2946mm) 9'-8" (2946mm) 9'-7" (2921mm) 9'-6" (2895mm) 9'-6" (2895mm) 9'-2" (2794mm) 9'-2" (2794mm) 9'-2" (2743mm) 8-10" (2692mm) 8'-7" (2666mm) 8'-5" (2655mm) 8'-2" (2438mm)	11'- 7" (3530mm) 11'- 6" (3505mm) 11'- 6" (3505mm) 11'- 6" (3505mm) 11'- 6" (3505mm) 11'- 6" (3505mm) 11'- 5" (3479mm) 11'- 5" (3479mm) 11'- 5" (3479mm) 11'- 4" (3454mm) 11'- 4" (3454mm) 11'- 4" (3454mm) 11'- 2" (3403mm) 11'- 9" (3276mm) 10'- 9" (3276mm) 10'- 9" (3276mm) 10'- 8" (3251mm) 10'- 6" (3200mm) 10'- 4" (3149mm) 10'- 2" (3098mm) 10'- 0" (3048mm)	13'- 0 " (3962mm) 12'- 11" (3973mm) 12'- 9" (3886mm) 12'- 9" (3886mm) 12'- 8" (3860mm) 12'- 7" (3835mm) 12'- 7" (3784mm) 12'- 4" (3759mm) 12'- 2" (3708mm) 12'- 0" (3657mm) 11'-10" (3606mm)					

#### MINIMUM A307 BOLT REQUIRED FOR CONNECTION SERIES \*SECTION NUMBER A307 BOLT DIAMETER

К	ALL	3/8″ (9mm)
LH/DLH	2 - 12	3/8″ (9mm)
LH/DLH	13 - 17	1/2″ (12mm)
DLH	18 & 19	5/8″ (15mm)

\* Refer to last digit(s) of joist designation



#### 2.6 HEADERS

Headers for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series as outlined and defined in Section 5.2 (a) shall be furnished by the Seller. Such headers shall be any type standard with the manufacturer. Conditions involving headers shall be investigated and, if necessary, provisions made to provide a safe condition. Headers are not provided for Longspan Steel Joists, LH-Series, and Deep Longspan Steel Joists, DLH-Series.

#### 2.7 BOTTOM CHORD LATERAL BRACING FOR JOIST GIRDERS

Bottom chord lateral bracing may be furnished to prevent lateral movement of the bottom chord of the Joist Girder and to prevent the ratio of chord length to radius of gyration from exceeding that specified. The lateral bracing shall be that which is standard with the manufacturer, and shall be of sufficient strength to properly resist any lateral force exerted by the bottom chord of the Joist Girder.

# SECTION 3.

#### 3.1 STEEL

The steel used in the manufacture of joists and Joist Girders shall comply with the applicable Steel Joist Institute specification of latest adoption.

#### 3.2 PAINT

The shop coat of paint, when specified, shall comply with the applicable Steel Joist Institute specification of latest adoption.

# SECTION 4.

All joist and Joist Girder inspections shall be made in accordance with the provision for inspection in the applicable Steel Joist Institute specification of latest adoption.

## SECTION 5. ESTIMATING

#### 5.1 PLANS FOR BIDDING

Plans to serve as the basis for bids shall show the character of the work with sufficient clarity to permit making an accurate estimate and shall show the following:

Designation and location of Materials (See Section 5.2 [a]).

Locations and elevations of all steel and concrete supporting members and bearing walls.

Location and length of joist extended ends.

Location and size of all openings in floors and roofs.

Location of all partitions.

Location and magnitude of concentrated loads as defined in Section 5.5.

Construction and thickness of floor slabs, roof deck, ceilings and partitions.

Joists or Joist Girders requiring extended bottom chords.

Paint, if other than manufacturer's standard.

#### 5.2 SCOPE OF ESTIMATE

(a) Unless otherwise specified, the following items shall be included in the estimate, and requirements shall be determined as outlined in Section 5.3 through 5.5.

Steel Joists

Joist Girders

Joist Extended Ends

Ceiling Extensions.

Extended bottom chord used as strut.

Bridging and bridging anchors.

Joist Girder bottom chord bracing.

Headers which are defined as members supported by and carrying Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series.

One shop coat of paint, when specified, shall be in accordance with Section 3.2.

(b) The following items shall not be included in the estimate but may be quoted and identified as separate items:

Headers for Longspan Steel Joists, LH-Series.

Headers for Deep Longspan Steel Joists, **DLH-Series**.

Reinforcement in slabs over joists.

Centering material and attachments.



Miscellaneous framing between joists for openings at ducts, dumbwaiters, ventilators, skylights, etc.

Loose individual or continuous bearing plates and bolts or anchors for such plates.

Erection bolts for joist and Joist Girder end anchorage.

Horizontal bracing in the plane of the top and bottom chords from joist to joist or joist to structural framing and walls.

Wood nailers.

Moment plates.

#### 5.3 JOIST LOCATION AND SPACING

The maximum joist spacing shall be in accordance with the requirements of the applicable SJI specification and load table of latest adoption.

Where sidewalls, wall beams or tie beams are capable of supporting the floor slab or roof deck, the first adjacent joists may be placed one full space from these members. Longspan Steel Joists and Deep Longspan Steel Joists are provided with camber. These joists may have a significant difference in elevation with respect to the adjacent structure because of this camber. This difference in elevation should be given consideration when locating the first joist adjacent to a side wall, wall beam or tie beam. Therefore, it is recommended that this joist be located one full space away from these members.

Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series, should be no closer than 6 inches (152 mm) to these supporting walls or members. Where partitions occur parallel to joists, there shall be at least one typical joist provided under each such partition, and more than one such joist shall be provided if necessary to safely support the weight of such partition and the adjacent floor, less the live load, on a strip of floor one foot (305 mm) in width. Where such partitions extend less than one-third (1/3) of the span from the support, special spacing or additional joists shall not be required provided the loads do not exceed those in Section 5.5. When partitions occur normal to the joists, they shall be treated as concentrated loads, and joists shall be investigated as indicated in Section 5.5.

#### 5.4 ACCESSORIES

Joist accessories standard with the manufacturer shall comply with applicable Steel Joist Institute specifications of latest adoption and shall be in accordance with Section 2 of this Code.

#### 5.5 LOADS

The Steel Joist Institute Load Tables are based on uniform loading conditions and are valid for use in selecting joist sizes for gravity loads that can be expressed in terms of "Pounds per lineal foot" (Newtons per Meter) of joist. The Steel Joist Institute Weight Tables are based on uniformly spaced panel point loading conditions and are valid for use in selecting Joist Girder sizes for gravity conditions that can be expressed in kips (Kilo Newton) per panel point on the Joist Girder. When Joist Girders are required to support unequal panel point loads or other special loads, a load diagram should be provided on the structural drawings.

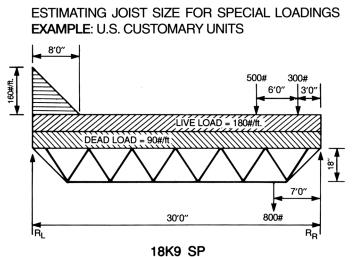
Loads such as Bulb "T"s, purlins, partitions, heavy pipes, monorail or tramrail type carrier, etc., running normal to the length of the joist, or a mechanical unit mounted on the joist, are concentrated loads. Where concentrated loads occur, the joist must be selected to carry the full combination of uniform load plus concentrated load. The magnitude and location of these concentrated loads shall be shown on the **structural drawings** when, in the opinion of the **specifying professional**, they may require special consideration by the manufacturer. Such joists shall be labeled "Special" on the **structural drawings**.

When Steel Joists are subjected to concentrated and/or varying loads, the specifying professional shall use the following procedure which will allow the:

- 1. Estimator to price the joists.
- 2. Joist manufacturer to design the joists properly.
- 3. Owner to obtain the most economical joists.
- A. Sketch the joist(s) on the structural drawings showing <u>all</u> loads to be supported.
- B. Determine the maximum moment in the joist and derive the <u>uniform</u> load that will produce that moment.
- **C.** Determine the maximum end reaction and derive the <u>uniform</u> load that will produce that reaction.
- D. Using the largest of the 2 uniform loads in B and C, select a joist from the load table and add an "SP" after the joist designation.
- E. Place the designation under the sketch with the following note:

"Joist supplier to design joist to support loads as shown above."





(See Method of Joist Selection Below) Joist supplier to design joist to support loads as shown above.

Total Load = 
$$\frac{160}{2}$$
 (8) + (180 + 90)30 + 500  
+ 800 + 300 = 10,300 lbs.

$$R_{L} = \frac{160(8)}{2} \left[ \frac{30^{-8/3}}{30} \right] + \frac{(180+90)(30)}{2} + 500 \left[ \frac{9}{30} \right] + 800 \left[ \frac{7}{30} \right] + 300 \left[ \frac{3}{30} \right] =$$

 $R_{L} = 5000$  lbs.

 $R_{R} = 5340$  lbs.

Assume 
$$R_{R} = \frac{W_{e1}(L)}{2}$$
,  $W_{e1} = \frac{2(5340)}{30} = 356$  lbs/ft.

Point of Max. Mom. = Point of Zero Shear(V) = L<sub>1</sub> (dist. from rt. end of Jst.)

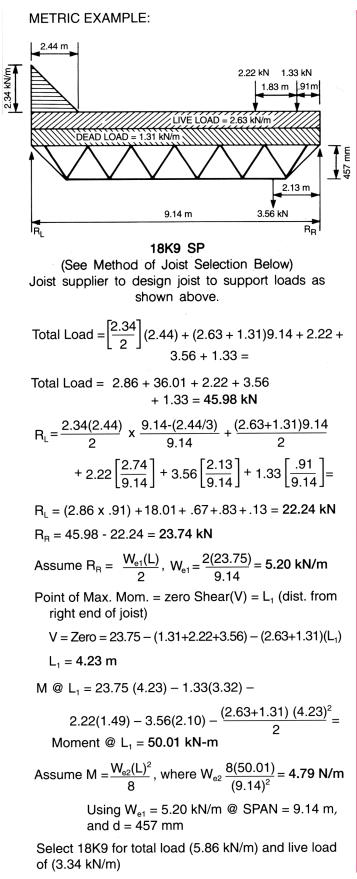
M @ L<sub>1</sub> = 5340 (13.85) - 300(10.85) -  

$$800(6.86) - 500(4.85) - \frac{(180+90)(13.85)^2}{2}$$
  
M = 36,903 ft. lbs.

Assume M =  $\frac{W_{e2}(L)^2}{8}$ ,  $W_{e2} = \frac{8(36,903)}{(30)^2} = 328$  lbs/ft. Using  $W_{e1} = 356$  lb/ft. @ SPAN = 30', and D = 18'' Select 18K9 for total load (402) and live load (229) and call it: 18K9SP

The specifying professional shall compare the equivalent uniform loads  $W_{e1} \& W_{e2}$  to the uniform loads tabulated in the K-Series Load Table. Loads in excess of the load table loads indicate that the specifying professional shall consider using additional joists to reduce the loading, or use the LH-Series Joist and make provisions for 5" deep bearing seats.





Call it: 18K9SP



The specifying professional shall compare the equivalent uniform loads  $W_{e1} \& W_{e2}$  to the uniform loads tabulated in the K-Series Load Table Table. Loads in excess of the load table loads indicate that the specifiying professional shall consider using additional joists to reduce the loading, or use an LH-Series Joist and make provisions for 127 mm deep bearing seats. Due consideration by the specifying professional shall be given to live loads due to:

- 1. Ponded rain water.
- 2. Excessive accumulation of snow in the vicinity of obstructions such as penthouses, signs, parapets, adjacent buildings, etc.
- 3. Wind uplift.
- 4. End moments at the joist end supports due to live and/or wind/seismic loads shall be shown on the structural drawings by the specifying professional.

For moment resisting joists framing near the end of a column, due consideration shall be given to extend the column length to allow a plate type connection between the top of the joist top chord and the column. Preferably, avoid resolving joist end moment forces through the joist bearing seat connection.

The structural drawings shall specify that all moment resisting joists shall have all dead loads applied to the joist before the bottom chord struts are welding to the column connection.

The top and bottom chord moment connection details shall be designed by the specifying professional. The joist designer shall furnish the specifying professional with the joist detail information if requested.

The design loads, as determined by the specifying professional, shall not be less than that specified in the applicable building codes.

## SECTION 6. PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

#### 6.1 PLANS FURNISHED BY BUYER

The Buyer shall furnish the Seller plans and specifications showing all Material requirements, the layout of walls, columns, beams, girders and other supports, as well as floor and roof openings and partitions correctly dimensioned. The live loads to be used, the wind uplift if any, the weights of partitions and the location and amount of any special loads, such as monorails, fans, blowers, tanks, etc., shall be indicated. The elevation of finished floors and roofs and bearings shall be shown.

#### 6.2 PLANS FURNISHED BY SELLER

The Seller shall furnish the Buyer with detailed plans and lists showing the number, type, locations, spacing, anchorage and mark of all Material as may be required for proper installation. All Material shall be identified with its mark which also appears on the bill of material. The type of shop paint, when required, shall be indicated on the drawings.

#### 6.3 DISCREPANCIES

The specifying professional's bid plans and specifications will be assumed to be correct in the absence of written notice from the Buyer to the contrary. When plans are furnished by the Buyer which do not agree with the Architect's bid plans, such detailed plans shall be considered as a written notice of change of plans. However, it shall be the Buyer's responsibility to advise the Seller of those changes which affect the joists or Joist Girders.

#### 6.4 APPROVAL

When joist placement plans are furnished by the Seller, prints thereof are submitted to the Buyer and owner for examination and approval. The Seller allows a maximum of fourteen (14) calendar days in his schedule for the return of placement plans noted with the owner's and customer's approval, or approval subject to corrections as noted. The Seller makes the corrections, furnishes corrected prints for field use to the owner/customer and is released by the owner/customer to start joist manufacture.

Approval by the owner/customer of the placement plans, sections, notes and joist schedule prepared by the Seller indicates that the Seller has correctly interpreted the contract requirements, and is released by the owner/customer to start joist manufacture. This approval constitutes the owner's/customer's acceptance of all responsibility for the design adequacy of any detail configuration of joist support conditions shown by the Seller as part of his preparation of these placement plans.

Approval does not relieve the Seller of the responsibility for accuracy of detail dimensions on the plans, nor the general fit-up of joists to be placed in the field.

#### 6.5 CHANGES

When any changes in plans are made by the buyer (or Architect) either prior to or after approval of detailed plans, or when any Material is required and was not shown on plans used as the basis of the bid, the cost of such changes and/or extra Material shall be paid by



the Buyer at a price to be agreed upon between Buyer and Seller.

## SECTION 7.\* HANDLING AND ERECTION

The Buyer and/or Erector shall check all materials on arrival at job site and promptly report to Seller any discrepancies and/or damages. The Buyer and/or Erector shall comply with the requirements of the applicable Steel Joist Institute specification of latest adoption in the handling and erection of Material.

The Seller shall not be responsible for the condition of paint finish on Material if it is not properly protected after delivery.

The Seller shall not be responsible for improper fit of Material in the case in inaccurate finish dimensions of field construction work.

\* For thorough coverage of this topic, refer to SJI Technical Digest #9, "Handling and Erection of Steel Joists and Joist Girders".

## SECTION 8. BUSINESS RELATIONS

#### 8.1 PRESENTATION OF PROPOSALS

All proposals for furnishing Material shall be made on a Sales Contract Form. After acceptance by the Buyer, these proposals must be approved or executed by a qualified official of the Seller. Upon such approval the proposal becomes a contract.

#### 8.2 ACCEPTANCE OF PROPOSALS

All proposals are intended for prompt acceptance and are subject to change without notice.

#### 8.3 BILLING

Contracts on a lump sum basis are to be billed proportionately as shipments are made.

#### 8.4 PAYMENT

Payments shall be made in full on each invoice without retention.

#### 8.5 ARBITRATION

All business controversies which cannot be settled by direct negotiations between Buyer and Seller shall be submitted to arbitration. Both parties shall sign a submission to arbitration and if possible agree upon an arbitrator. If they are unable to agree, each shall ap-point an arbitrator and these two shall appoint a third arbitrator. The expenses of the arbitration shall be divided equally between the parties, unless otherwise provided for in the agreements to submit to arbitration. The arbitrators shall pass finally upon all questions, both of law and fact, and their findings shall be conclusive.



NOTES:		

